UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

	For the Quarterly Per	riod Ended March 31, 2021	
		Or	
☐ Transiti		or 15(d) of the Securities Exchanged fromto	e Act of 1934
	Commission Fil	e Number: 000-54295	_
	_	eal Estate Trust	
	(Exact name of registrant	Multifamily Trust as specified in its charter)	
North Dal			90-0115411
(State or other jurisdiction of inco			loyer Identification No.)
1711 Gold Drive South, Suite 1 (Address of principal e	, 9 ,		58103 (Zip Code)
	(701)	353-2720	
	(Registrant's telephone nu		
(Forme	r name, former address and forma	al fiscal year, if changed since last re	eport)
`		, , ,	1
Securities registered pursuant to Secti- Title of eac Common Shares, par v	ch class: Trad	ing Symbol Name of each excl	hange on which registered: N/A
Common Shares, par v Indicate by check mark whether the r of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (ch class: Trade value \$0.01 per share registrant (1) has filed all reports (or for such shorter period that the	N/A required to be filed by Section 13 o	N/A r 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act
Common Shares, par v Indicate by check mark whether the r of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (such filing requirements for the past 90 day Indicate by check mark whether the r 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this cl	red class: Trade value \$0.01 per share registrant (1) has filed all reports or for such shorter period that the constant of th	N/A required to be filed by Section 13 o ne registrant was required to file suc	N/A or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act the reports), and (2) has been subject to quired to be submitted pursuant to Rule
Title of eac Common Shares, par v Indicate by check mark whether the r of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (such filing requirements for the past 90 day Indicate by check mark whether the r 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this cl such files). Yes ☑ No □ Indicate by check mark whether the r emerging growth company. See the defi	registrant is a large accelerated file	N/A required to be filed by Section 13 of the registrant was required to file such that the required to file such that the required to file such that the required that the requirements (or for such shorter period that the requirements) are called the requirements.	N/A or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act the reports), and (2) has been subject to quired to be submitted pursuant to Rule
Title of eac Common Shares, par v Indicate by check mark whether the r of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (such filing requirements for the past 90 day Indicate by check mark whether the r 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this cl such files). Yes ☑ No □ Indicate by check mark whether the r emerging growth company. See the defi	registrant is a large accelerated file	N/A required to be filed by Section 13 of the registrant was required to file such that the required to file such that the required to file such that the required that the requirements (or for such shorter period that the requirements) are called the requirements.	N/A or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act ch reports), and (2) has been subject to quired to be submitted pursuant to Rule at the registrant was required to submit
Title of eac Common Shares, par v Indicate by check mark whether the r of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (such filing requirements for the past 90 day Indicate by check mark whether the r 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this cl such files). Yes ☑ No □ Indicate by check mark whether the r emerging growth company. See the defice the company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange A Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer	red class: Trade value \$0.01 per share registrant (1) has filed all reports for for such shorter period that the class are such shorter period that the class are shorter perio	N/A required to be filed by Section 13 of the registrant was required to file such that the registrant was required to file such that the required to file such that the required that the requi	N/A r 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act ch reports), and (2) has been subject to quired to be submitted pursuant to Rule at the registrant was required to submit erated filer, smaller reporting company, or a reporting company," and "emerging growth
Title of eac Common Shares, par v Indicate by check mark whether the r of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (such filing requirements for the past 90 day Indicate by check mark whether the r 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this cl such files). Yes ☑ No □ Indicate by check mark whether the r emerging growth company. See the deficompany" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange A	red class: Trade value \$0.01 per share registrant (1) has filed all reports for for such shorter period that the class are submitted electronic hapter) during the preceding 12 registrant is a large accelerated file initions of "large accelerated file Act.	N/A required to be filed by Section 13 of the registrant was required to file such that the registrant was required to file such that the required to file such that the required to file such that the required to file that the required to file the required to file that the required to file the required that the requir	N/A r 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act ch reports), and (2) has been subject to quired to be submitted pursuant to Rule at the registrant was required to submit erated filer, smaller reporting company, or a reporting company," and "emerging growt
Title of eac Common Shares, par v Indicate by check mark whether the r of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (such filing requirements for the past 90 day Indicate by check mark whether the r 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this classich files). Yes ☑ No ☐ Indicate by check mark whether the r emerging growth company. See the defict company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange A Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Emerging growth company (Do not check if a smaller in If an emerging growth company, indicates the company indicates the company, indicates the company	et class: Trad value \$0.01 per share registrant (1) has filed all reports (or for such shorter period that the ys. Yes No registrant has submitted electronic hapter) during the preceding 12 registrant is a large accelerated file initions of "large accelerated file Act.	N/A required to be filed by Section 13 of the registrant was required to file such that the registrant was required to file such that the requirements (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file requirements (or for such shorter period that the registrant an accelerated filer, a non-acceler, accelerated filer, smaller responsible reporting company when the section of the requirements of the registrant has elected not to use the extended the requirements of the requirements of the registrant was required to file such that the requirements of the requiremen	N/A r 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act ch reports), and (2) has been subject to quired to be submitted pursuant to Rule at the registrant was required to submit erated filer, smaller reporting company, or a eporting company," and "emerging grown
Title of eac Common Shares, par v Indicate by check mark whether the r of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (such filing requirements for the past 90 day Indicate by check mark whether the r 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this classed files). Yes № No □ Indicate by check mark whether the r emerging growth company. See the defice the company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange at the company and the company (Do not check if a smaller to the company, indicate the company, indicate the company, indicate the company, indicate the company of the company (Do not check if a smaller to the company, indicate the company, indicate the company, indicate the company, indicate the company of the company of the company of the company, indicate the company of the company of the company, indicate the company of the company o	et class: Trad value \$0.01 per share registrant (1) has filed all reports (or for such shorter period that the ys. Yes No registrant has submitted electronic hapter) during the preceding 12 registrant is a large accelerated file initions of "large accelerated file Act.	N/A required to be filed by Section 13 of the registrant was required to file such that the registrant was required to file such that the requirements (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file requirements (or for such shorter period that the registrant an accelerated filer, a non-acceler, accelerated filer, smaller responsible reporting company when the section of the requirements of the registrant has elected not to use the extended the requirements of the requirements of the registrant was required to file such that the requirements of the requiremen	N/A r 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act ch reports), and (2) has been subject to quired to be submitted pursuant to Rule at the registrant was required to submit erated filer, smaller reporting company, or a eporting company," and "emerging grown
Title of eac Common Shares, par v Indicate by check mark whether the r of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (such filing requirements for the past 90 day Indicate by check mark whether the r 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this classich files). Yes ☑ No ☐ Indicate by check mark whether the r temerging growth company. See the defict company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange A Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Emerging growth company (Do not check if a smaller to the company), indicate the company, indicate the company indicate the company, indicate the company ind	registrant is a large accelerated filantions of "large accelerated filantions of "large accelerated filantions of company) icate by check mark if the registrant of Section in the provided pursuant to Section i	N/A required to be filed by Section 13 of the registrant was required to file such that the registrant was required to file such that the required to file such that the required to file such that the required that the region on the filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerate, "accelerated filer," "smaller responsible reporting company that the selected not to use the extend that the selected not to use the selected n	N/A or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act ch reports), and (2) has been subject to quired to be submitted pursuant to Rule at the registrant was required to submit erated filer, smaller reporting company, or a eporting company," and "emerging grown ded transition period for complying with an
Title of eac Common Shares, par v Indicate by check mark whether the r of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (such filing requirements for the past 90 day Indicate by check mark whether the r 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this classed files). Yes No Indicate by check mark whether the r emerging growth company. See the deficompany" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange A Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Emerging growth company (Do not check if a smaller of the company) in the company, indicate the company of the company, indicate the company indicate the company of the company indicate the comp	et class: Trad value \$0.01 per share registrant (1) has filed all reports (or for such shorter period that the ys. Yes No registrant has submitted electronic hapter) during the preceding 12 re registrant is a large accelerated file initions of "large accelerated file file initions of period company) reporting company) icate by check mark if the registrant is a shell company (as defended as shell company)	N/A required to be filed by Section 13 of the registrant was required to file such that the registrant was required to file such that the requirements (or for such shorter period that the requirements) and the registrant was required to file requirements (or for such shorter period that the representation of the registrant was required filer, a non-acceler, "accelerated filer," "smaller responsible reporting company of the representation of the extending of the Exchange Act.	N/A r 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act ch reports), and (2) has been subject to quired to be submitted pursuant to Rule at the registrant was required to submit erated filer, smaller reporting company, or a eporting company," and "emerging growt ded transition period for complying with an
Title of eac Common Shares, par v Indicate by check mark whether the r of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (such filing requirements for the past 90 day Indicate by check mark whether the r 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this classuch files). Yes ■ No □ Indicate by check mark whether the r emerging growth company. See the deficompany" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange a Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Emerging growth company (Do not check if a smaller to the company of the company) indicate by check mark whether the results of the company indicate by check mark w	reporting company) che class: Trade value \$0.01 per share registrant (1) has filed all reports for for such shorter period that the company of the company of the company of the company (as defining of each of the issuer's classes)	N/A required to be filed by Section 13 of the registrant was required to file such that the registrant was required to file such that the requirements (or for such shorter period that the requirements) and the registrant was required to file requirements (or for such shorter period that the representation of the registrant was required filer, a non-acceler, "accelerated filer," "smaller responsible reporting company of the representation of the extending of the Exchange Act.	N/A r 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act ch reports), and (2) has been subject to quired to be submitted pursuant to Rule at the registrant was required to submit erated filer, smaller reporting company, or a eporting company," and "emerging growt ded transition period for complying with an e Act). Yes □ No racticable date.

STERLING REAL ESTATE TRUST

INDEX

	Page No.
PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited):	
Consolidated Balance Sheets – as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020	3
Consolidated Statements of Operations and Other Comprehensive Income – Three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020	4
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity – Three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020	5
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows - Three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020	6
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	8
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	34
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	46
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	46
PART II. OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	47
Item 6. Exhibits	48
<u>Signatures</u>	49

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

STERLING REAL ESTATE TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF MARCH 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED) AND DECEMBER 31, 2020

	March 31, 2021		,		·		De	ecember 31, 2020
		(in tho	ousands)					
ASSETS	(iii tiivu							
Real estate investments								
Land and land improvements	\$	119,114	\$	119,088				
Building and improvements		719,637		712,560				
Construction in progress		9,339		13,640				
Real estate investments	<u></u>	848,090		845,288				
Less accumulated depreciation		(165,200)		(160,575)				
Real estate investments, net		682,890		684,713				
Cash and cash equivalents		13,888		11,716				
Restricted deposits and funded reserves		16,459		15,919				
Investment in unconsolidated affiliates		11,664		9,659				
Notes receivable		2,009		2,026				
Assets held for sale		830		831				
Lease intangible assets, less accumulated amortization of \$14,507 in 2021 and \$15,019 in 2020		7,075		7,367				
Other assets, net		10,449		10,798				
	<u></u>							
Total Assets	\$	745,264	\$	743,029				
LIABILITIES								
Mortgage notes payable, net	\$	425,164	\$	421,278				
Dividends payable		7,477		7,447				
Tenant security deposits payable		5,084		4,908				
Lease intangible liabilities, less accumulated amortization of \$1,934 in 2021 and \$1,963 in 2020		947		994				
Liabilities related to assets held for sale		17		5				
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		12,716		16,869				
Total Liabilities		451,405		451,501				
COMMITMENTS and CONTINGENCIES - Note 16								
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY								
Beneficial interest		110,992		109,366				
Noncontrolling interest								
Operating partnership		179,911		181,621				
Partially owned properties		2,377		2,346				
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income		579		(1,805)				
Total Shareholders' Equity		293,859		291,528				
	\$	745,264	\$	743,029				

STERLING REAL ESTATE TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020 (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended March 31,			ıded	
		2021		2020	
I	(in tl	iousands, exc	ept per	share data)	
Income from rental operations Real estate rental income	\$	31,760	\$	20.006	
	2	31,/00	3	29,906	
Expenses Expenses from rental operations					
Operating expenses, excluding real estate taxes		12,107		12.535	
Real estate taxes		3,244		3,164	
Depreciation and amortization		5,328		5,252	
1				,	
Interest		4,287		4,350	
Administration of REIT		24,966		25,301	
		1,201		1,162	
Total expenses		26,167		26,463	
Income from operations		5,593		3,443	
Other income					
Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates		(27)		158	
Other income		270		119	
Gain on sale of real estate and non-real estate investments		_		1,455	
Gain on involuntary conversion		_		52	
		243		1,784	
Net income	\$	5,836	\$	5,227	
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest:					
Operating Partnership		3,753		3,419	
Partially owned properties		31		(5)	
Net income attributable to Sterling Real Estate Trust	\$	2,052	\$	1,813	
, and the second					
Net income attributable to Sterling Real Estate Trust per common share, basic and diluted	\$	0.21	\$	0.19	
Comment anning in comme					
Comprehensive income: Net income	\$	5,836	\$	5,227	
	Þ	2,384	\$,	
Other comprehensive gain (loss) - change in fair value of interest rate swaps			_	(1,486)	
Comprehensive income		8,220		3,741	
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest	Φ.	5,325	_	2,442	
Comprehensive income attributable to Sterling Real Estate Trust	\$	2,895	\$	1,299	
Weighted average Common Shares outstanding, basic and diluted		9,983		9,562	
			_		

STERLING REAL ESTATE TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020 (UNAUDITED)

			Accumulated Distributions	Total		Noncontrolling Interest		
	Common Shares	Paid-in Capital	in Excess of Earnings	Beneficial Interest	Operating Partnership	Partially Owned Properties	Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total
				(in t	housands)			
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2019	9,436	\$ 131,261	(\$ 28,888)	\$ 102,373	\$ 174.221	\$ 2.416	\$ 37	\$ 279,047
Contribution of assets in exchange for the issuance of	2,100	4 101,201	(+ ==,===)	4 ,	4 -7 1,==1	V =,		4 = 1.2 , 0 1.1
noncontrolling interest shares	-	-	_	_	9,031	_	_	9,031
Shares/units redeemed	(38)	(696)	-	(696)	(541)	-	-	(1,237)
Dividends and distributions declared	-	-	(2,527)	(2,527)	(4,831)	-	-	(7,358)
Dividends reinvested - stock dividend	87	1,584	` -	1,584	-		-	1,584
Issuance of shares under optional purchase plan	62	1,203	-	1,203	-	-	-	1,203
Change in fair value of interest rate swaps	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,486)	(1,486)
Net income	-	-	1,813	1,813	3,419	(5)	-	5,227
BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 2020	9,547	\$ 133,352	(\$ 29,602)	\$ 103,750	\$ 181,299	\$ 2,411	(\$ 1,449)	\$ 286,011
			Accumulated Distributions	Total	Int	ntrolling terest	Accumulated	
	Common Shares	Paid-in Capital	in Excess of Earnings	Beneficial Interest	Operating Partnership	Partially Owned Properties	Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total
				(in t	housands)			
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2020	9,855	\$ 139,105	(29,739)	\$ 109,366	\$ 181,621	\$ 2,346	(\$ 1,805)	\$ 291,528
Shares/units redeemed	(41)	(777)	-	(777)	(628)	-	-	(1,405)
Dividends and distributions declared	`-	`	(2,642)	(2,642)	(4,835)	-	-	(7,477
Dividends reinvested - stock dividend	89	1,686	-	1,686	-	-	-	1,686
Issuance of shares under optional purchase plan	65	1,307	-	1,307	-	-	-	1,307
Change in fair value of interest rate swaps	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,384	2,384
Net income	-	-	2,052	2,052	3,753	31	-	5,836
		\$ 141.321						

STERLING REAL ESTATE TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020 (UNAUDITED)

		Ionths Ended arch 31,
	2021	2020
ODED ATTIMO A CITA HITTER	(in tl	nousands)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net income	\$ 5,836	¢ 5227
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities	\$ 3,830	\$ 5,227
Gain on sale of real estate investments		(1,455)
Gain on involuntary conversion	27	(52)
Equity in loss (income) of unconsolidated affiliates	57	()
Distributions of earnings of unconsolidated affiliates Allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable	(47	
Depreciation Amortization	5,006	
	315	
Amortization of debt issuance costs	130	140
Effects on operating cash flows due to changes in	220	1 440
Other assets	229	, .
Tenant security deposits payable	176	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(2,820	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	8,909	7,184
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of real estate investment properties	_	(375)
Capital expenditures and tenant improvements	(3,686	
Proceeds from sale of real estate investments and non-real estate investments	_	3,494
Proceeds from involuntary conversion	1,642	
Investment in unconsolidated affiliates	(2,090	(38)
Distributions in excess of earnings received from unconsolidated affiliates	1	105
Notes receivable payments received	17	
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(4,116	(1,613)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Payments for financing, debt issuance	(154	(98)
Payments on investment certificates and subordinated debt	(25	
Principal payments on special assessments payable	_	(253)
Proceeds from issuance of mortgage notes payable and subordinated debt	18.485	7.788
Principal payments on mortgage notes payable	(14,528	(9,129)
Proceeds from issuance of shares under optional purchase plan	1,307	
Shares/units redeemed	(1,405	
Dividends/distributions paid	(5,761	
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(2,081	
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED DEPOSITS	2,712	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED DEPOSITS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	27,635	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 30,347	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED DEPOSITS AT END OF QUARTER	\$ 30,347	\$ 15,095
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED DEPOSITS AT END OF QUARTER		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,888	\$ 4,295
Restricted deposits	16,459	
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED DEPOSITS, END OF QUARTER	\$ 30,347	
	Ψ 30,547	Ψ 15,075
0. 37 0		

STERLING REAL ESTATE TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

		ıded		
	2021			2020
		(in thou	usands))
SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION				
Cash paid during the period for interest, net of capitalized interest	\$	4,144	\$	4,203
SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Dividends reinvested	\$	1,686	\$	1,584
Dividends declared and not paid		2,642		2,527
UPREIT distributions declared and not paid		4,835		4,831
Acquisition of assets in exchange for the issuance of noncontrolling interest units in UPREIT		_		9,031
Increase in land improvements due to increase in special assessments payable		26		65
Unrealized gain (loss) on interest rate swaps		2,384		(1,486)
Acquisition of assets with new financing		_		3,225
Acquisition of assets through assumption of debt and liabilities				265
Capitalized interest and real estate taxes related to construction in progress		95		137

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION

Sterling Real Estate Trust, d/b/a Sterling Multifamily Trust ("Sterling", "the Trust" or "the Company") is a registered, but unincorporated business trust organized in North Dakota in December 2002. Sterling has elected to be taxed as a Real Estate Investment Trust ("REIT") under Sections 856-860 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Sterling previously established an operating partnership ("Sterling Properties, LLLP or the Operating Partnership") and transferred all of its assets and liabilities to the operating partnership in exchange for general partnership units. As the general partner, Sterling has management responsibility for all activities of the operating partnership. As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, Sterling owned approximately 35.35% and 35.03%, respectively, of the operating partnership.

NOTE 2 - PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2020, which have previously been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") have been omitted from this report on Form 10-Q pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC.

The results for the interim periods shown in this report are not necessarily indicative of future financial results. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include all adjustments necessary to present fairly our consolidated financial statements as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2021. These adjustments are of a normal recurring nature.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Sterling, Sterling Properties, LLLP, and wholly-owned limited liability companies. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

As of March 31, 2021 the Trust owned approximately 35.35% of the partnership interests ("OP Units") of the Operating Partnership. The remaining OP Units, consisting exclusively of limited partner interests, are held by persons who contributed their interests in properties to the Operating Partnership in exchange for OP Units. Under the partnership agreement, these persons have the right to tender their OP Units for redemption to the Operating Partnership at any time following a specified restricted period for cash equal to the fair value of an equivalent number of common shares of the Trust. In lieu of delivering cash, however, the Trust, as the Operating Partnership's general partner, may, at its option, choose to acquire any OP Units so tendered by issuing common shares in exchange for the tendered OP Units. If the Trust so chooses, its common shares will be exchanged for OP Units on a one-for-one basis. This one-for-one exchange ratio is subject to adjustment to prevent dilution. With each such exchange or redemption, the Trust's percentage ownership in the Operating Partnership will increase. In addition, whenever the Trust issues common or other classes of its shares, it contributes the net proceeds it receives from the issuance to the Operating Partnership and the Operating Partnership issues to the Trust an equal number of OP Units or other partnership interests having preferences and rights that mirror the preferences and rights of the shares issued. This structure is commonly referred to as an umbrella partnership REIT or "UPREIT."

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

Additionally, we evaluate the need to consolidate affiliates based on standards set forth in the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 810, Consolidation ("ASC 810"). In determining whether we have a requirement to consolidate the accounts of an entity, management considers factors such as our ownership interest, our authority to make decisions and contractual and substantive participating rights of the limited partners and shareholders, as well as whether the entity is a variable interest entity ("VIE") for which we have both: a) the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance, and b) the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could be potentially significant to the VIE. The Trust will consolidate the operations of a joint venture if the Trust determines that it is either the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity (VIE) or has substantial influence and control of the entity. In instances where the Trust determines that it is not the primary beneficiary of a VIE or the Trust does not control the joint venture but can exercise influence over the entity with respect to its operations and major decisions, the Trust will use the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the operations of a joint venture will not be consolidated with the Trust's operations but instead its share of operations will be reflected as equity in earnings (loss) of unconsolidated entity on its consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss. Additionally, the Trust's net investment in the joint venture will be reflected as investment in unconsolidated entity on the consolidated balance sheets.

The Operating Partnership meets the criteria as a variable interest entity ("VIE"). The Trust's sole significant asset is its investment in the Operating Partnership. As a result, substantially all of the Trust's assets and liabilities represent those assets and liabilities of the Operating Partnership. All of the Trust's debt is an obligation of the Operating Partnership, and the Trust guarantees the unsecured debt obligations of the Operating Partnership.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Our cash balances are maintained in various bank deposit accounts. The bank deposit amounts in these accounts may exceed federally insured limits at various times throughout the year.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Real Estate Investments

Real estate investments are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation. Ordinary repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred

The Trust allocates the purchase price of each acquired investment property accounted for as an asset acquisition based upon the relative fair value at acquisition date of the individual assets acquired and liabilities assumed, which generally include (i) land, (ii) building and other improvements, (iii) in-place lease intangibles, (iv) acquired above and below market lease intangibles, and (v) assumed financing that is determined to be above or below market, if any. Transaction costs related to acquisitions are accounted for as asset acquisitions and capitalized as a cost of the property.

For tangible assets acquired, including land, building and other improvements, the Trust considers available comparable market and industry information in estimating acquisition date fair value. Key factors considered in the calculation of fair value of both real property and intangible assets include the current market rent values, "dark" periods (building in vacant

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

status), direct costs estimated with obtaining a new tenant, discount rates, escalation factors, standard lease terms, and tenant improvement costs.

Furniture and fixtures are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Expenditures for renewals and improvements that significantly add to the productive capacity or extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Expenditures for routine maintenance and repairs, which do not add to the value or extend useful lives, are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation is provided for over the estimated useful lives of the individual assets using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements

40 years

Furniture, fixtures and equipment

5-9 years

The Trust's investment properties are reviewed for potential impairment at the end of each reporting period or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. At the end of each reporting period, the Trust separately determines whether impairment indicators exist for each property.

Based on evaluation, there were no impairment losses during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

Properties Held for Sale

We account for our properties held for sale in accordance with ASC 360, Property, Plant and Equipment ("ASC 360"), which addresses financial accounting and reporting in a period in which a component or group of components of an entity either has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale.

The Trust had one property held for sale as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020. See Note 18.

Construction in Progress

The Trust capitalizes direct and certain indirect project costs incurred during the development period such as construction, insurance, architectural, legal, interest and other financing costs, and real estate taxes. At such time as the development is considered substantially complete, the capitalization of certain indirect costs such as real estate taxes and interest and financing costs cease and all project-related costs included in construction in process are reclassified to land and building and other improvements.

Investment in Unconsolidated Affiliates

We account for unconsolidated affiliates using the equity method of accounting per guidance established under ASC 323, Investments – Equity Method and Joint Ventures ("ASC 323"). The equity method of accounting requires the investment to be initially recorded at cost and subsequently adjusted for our share of equity in the affiliates' earnings and distributions. We evaluate the carrying amount of the investments for impairment in accordance with ASC 323. Unconsolidated affiliates are reviewed for potential impairment if the carrying amount of the investment exceeds its fair value. An impairment charge is recorded when an impairment is deemed to be other-than-temporary. To determine whether impairment is other-than-temporary, we consider whether we have the ability and intent to hold the investment until the carrying amount is fully recovered. The evaluation of an investment in an affiliate for potential impairment can require our management to exercise significant judgments. No impairment losses were recorded to unconsolidated affiliates for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

We use the equity method to account for investments that qualify as variable interest entities where we are not the primary beneficiary and entities that we do not control or where we do not own a majority of the economic interest but have the ability to exercise significant influence over the operations and financial policies of the investee. We will also use the equity method for investments that do not qualify as variable interest entities and do not meet the control requirements for consolidation, as defined in ASC 810. For a joint venture accounted for under the equity method, our share of net earnings and losses is reflected in income when earned and distributions are credited against our investment in the joint venture as received.

In determining whether an investment in a limited liability company or tenant in common is a variable interest entity, we consider: the form of our ownership interest and legal structure; the size of our investment; the financing structure of the entity, including the necessity of subordinated debt; estimates of future cash flows; our and our partner's ability to participate in the decision making related to acquisitions, dispositions, budgeting and financing on the entity; and obligation to absorb losses and preferential returns. See Note 5, Investment in Unconsolidated Affilliates, for further information.

Noncontrolling Interest

A noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary (minority interest) is in most cases an ownership interest in the consolidated entity that should be reported as equity in the consolidated financial statements and separate from the parent company's equity. In addition, consolidated net income is required to be reported at amounts that include the amounts attributable to both the parent and the noncontrolling interest and the amount of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and the noncontrolling interest are required to be disclosed on the face of the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

Operating Partnership: Interests in the operating partnership held by limited partners are represented by operating partnership units. The operating partnership's income is allocated to holders of units based upon the ratio of their holdings to the total units outstanding during the period. Capital contributions, distributions, syndication costs, and profits and losses are allocated to noncontrolling interests in accordance with the terms of the operating partnership agreement.

Partially Owned Properties: The Trust reflects noncontrolling interests in partially owned properties on the balance sheet for the portion of properties consolidated by the Trust that are not wholly owned by the Trust. The earnings or losses from those properties attributable to the noncontrolling interests are reflected as noncontrolling interests in partially owned properties in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income.

Federal Income Taxes

We have elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. A REIT calculates taxable income similar to other domestic corporations, with the major difference being a REIT is entitled to a deduction for dividends paid. A REIT is generally required to distribute each year at least 90% of its taxable income. If it chooses to retain the remaining 10% of taxable income, it may do so, but it will be subject to a corporate tax on such income. REIT shareholders are generally taxed on REIT distributions of ordinary income in the same manner as they are taxed on other corporate distributions.

We intend to continue to qualify as a REIT and, provided we maintain such status, will not be taxed on the portion of the income that is distributed to shareholders. In addition, we intend to distribute all of our taxable income; therefore, no provisions or liabilities for income taxes have been recorded in the financial statements.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

We follow ASC Topic 740, *Income Taxes*, to recognize, measure, present and disclose in our consolidated financial statements uncertain tax positions that we have taken or expect to take on a tax return. As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, we did not have any liabilities for uncertain tax positions that we believe should be recognized in our consolidated financial statements. We are no longer subject to Federal and State tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2017.

Revenue Recognition

The Trust is the lessor for its residential and commercial leases. Leases are analyzed on an individual basis to determine lease classification. As of March 31, 2021, all leases analyzed under the Trust's lease classification process were determined to be operating leases.

We recognize variable income from pass-through expenses on an accrual basis over the periods in which the expenses were incurred. Pass-through expenses are comprised of real estate taxes, operating expenses and common area maintenance costs which are reimbursed by tenants in accordance with specific allowable costs per tenant lease agreements. When we pay pass-through expenses, subject to reimbursement by the tenant, they are included within operating expenses, excluding real estate taxes, and reimbursements are included within real estate rental income along with the associated base rent in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

We record base rents on a straight-line basis. The monthly base rent income according to the terms of our leases is adjusted so that an average monthly rent is recorded for each tenant over the term of its lease. The straight-line rent adjustment increased revenue by \$105 for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and decreased revenue by \$65 for the three months ended March 31, 2020. The straight-line receivable balance included in other assets on the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 was \$3,117 and \$3,012, respectively. We receive payments for expense reimbursements from substantially all our multi-tenant commercial tenants throughout the year based on estimates. Differences between estimated recoveries and the final billed amounts, which are immaterial, are recognized in the subsequent year.

Earnings per Common Share

Basic earnings per common share is computed by dividing net income available to common shareholders (the "numerator") by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding (the "denominator") during the period. Sterling had no dilutive potential common shares as of March 31, 2021 and 2020, and therefore, basic earnings per common share was equal to diluted earnings per common share for both periods.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, Sterling's denominators for the basic and diluted earnings per common share were approximately 9,983,000 and 9,562,000, respectively.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications considered necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the prior period financial statements in order to conform to the current year presentation. These reclassifications have not changed the results of operations or equity.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-04, *Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848)*. The standard provides for optional expedients and exceptions for applying GAAP to contracts, hedging relationships, and other transactions affected

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

by reference rate reform. On July 27, 2017, the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA), tasked with overseeing the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) announced the benchmark interest rate will be phased out by the end of 2023. As a result, existing and future contracts indexed to LIBOR will need to be renegotiated to reference another rate.

We adopted the standard effective as of January 1, 2020, using the optional transition method to apply the standard as of the effective date. The Trust elected to apply the optional expedients for all of the Trust's hedging relationships. The Trust will disregard the potential change in the designated hedged risk that may occur due to reference rate reform when the Trust assesses whether the hedged forecasted transaction is probable in accordance with the requirements of Topic 815.

The Trust will continue current hedge accounting for our existing cash flow hedges when the hedged risk changes by assuming the reference rate will not be replaced for the remainder of the hedging relationships for our assessment of hedge effectiveness and all subsequent hedge effectiveness assessments.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*, which superseded FASB ASC Topic 840. The Trust adopted this standard effective as of January 1, 2019. In April 2020, the FASB met to discuss lease modifications guidance in Topic 842 as it relates to lease concessions amidst the Covid-19 pandemic. The FASB determined that requiring the analysis of all leases in which concessions are made would be costly and complex for both the leases and lessors. As such, the FASB has made the decision to allow companies to avoid lease modification accounting when lease concessions do not result in a significant change in cash flow. The Trust has elected to apply the lease modification guidance in Topic 842 for concessions and deferrals made during the Covid-19 pandemic as it relates to the Trust's residential leases, as the cash flows related to these concessions and deferrals do not cause a significant change in the cash received from the leases.

Management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not yet effective accounting pronouncements, if adopted, would have a material effect on the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements.

NOTE 3 – SEGMENT REPORTING

We report our results in two reportable segments: residential and commercial properties. Our residential properties include multifamily properties. Our commercial properties include retail, office, industrial, restaurant and medical properties. We assess and measure operating results based on net operating income ("NOI"), which we define as total real estate segment revenues less real estate expenses (which consist of real estate taxes, property management fees, utilities, repairs and maintenance, insurance and property administrative and management fees). We believe NOI is an important measure of operating performance even though it should not be considered an alternative to net income or cash flow from operating activities. NOI is unaffected by financing, depreciation, amortization, legal and professional fees and certain general and administrative expenses. The accounting policies of each segment are consistent with those described in Note 2 of this report.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

Segment Revenues and Net Operating Income

The revenues and net operating income for the reportable segments (residential and commercial) are summarized as follows for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, along with reconciliations to the consolidated financial statements. Segment assets are also reconciled to Total Assets as reported in the consolidated financial statements.

	Three months ended March 31, 2021				Three months ended March 31, 202					, 2020	
	Re	sidential	Cor	nmercial	Total	Re	sidential	Cor	nmercial		Total
			(in th	ousands)				(in th	ousands)		
Income from rental operations	\$	25,959	\$	5,801	\$ 31,760	\$	23,995	\$	5,911	\$	29,906
Expenses from rental operations		13,847		1,504	15,351		13,912		1,787		15,699
Net operating income	\$	12,112	\$	4,297	\$ 16,409	\$	10,083	\$	4,124	\$	14,207
Depreciation and amortization					5,328						5,252
Interest					4,287						4,350
Administration of REIT					1,201						1,162
Other income					(243)						(1,784)
Net income					\$ 5,836					\$	5,227

Segment Assets and Accumulated Depreciation

As of March 31, 2021		Residential		ommercial thousands)	_	Total
Real estate investments	\$	647,519	\$	200,571	\$	848,090
Accumulated depreciation		(122,143)		(43,057)		(165,200)
	\$	525,376	\$	157,514		682,890
Cash and cash equivalents	<u> </u>					13,888
Restricted deposits and funded reserves						16,459
Investment in unconsolidated affiliates						11,664
Note receivable						2,009
Assets held for sale						830
Intangible assets, less accumulated amortization						7,075
Other assets, net						10,449
Total Assets					\$	745,264

As of December 31, 2020	_1	Residential		Residential Commercial (in thousands)			_	Total
Real estate investments	\$	647,083	\$	198,205	\$	845,288		
Accumulated depreciation		(118,363)		(42,212)		(160,575)		
	\$	528,720	\$	155,993		684,713		
Cash and cash equivalents						11,716		
Restricted deposits and funded reserves						15,919		
Investment in unconsolidated affiliates						9,659		
Note receivable						2,026		
Assets held for sale						831		
Intangible assets, less accumulated amortization						7,367		
Other assets, net						10,798		
Total Assets					\$	743,029		

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 – RESTRICTED DEPOSITS AND FUNDED RESERVES

	As of March 31,	As o	of December 31,
	 2021		2020
	(in tho	usand	s)
Tenant security deposits	\$ 4,885	\$	4,730
Real estate tax and insurance escrows	1,158		2,058
Replacement reserves	2,094		2,137
Other funded reserves	8,322		6,994
	\$ 16,459	\$	15,919

Tenant Security Deposits

We have set aside funds to repay tenant security deposits upon tenant move-out.

Real Estate Tax and Insurance Escrows

Pursuant to the terms of certain mortgages, we have established and maintain real estate tax escrows and insurance escrows to pay real estate taxes and insurance. We are required to contribute to the account monthly an amount equal to 1/12 of the estimated real estate taxes and insurance premiums.

Replacement Reserves

Pursuant to the terms of certain mortgages, we have established and maintain several replacement reserve accounts. We make monthly deposits into the replacement reserve accounts to be used for repairs and replacements on the property. Certain replacement reserve accounts require authorization from the mortgage company for withdrawals.

Other Funded Reserves

Other funded reserves consist of proceeds received on the disposal of a commercial building located in Bismarck, North Dakota. The proceeds are required to be held as restricted funds under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code (like-kind exchange).

Additionally, insurance proceeds of \$1,324 that were received during the three months ended March 31, 2021, are held in an escrow account per the agreement set in place with the lender of the property. Funds will be released as construction costs related to the insurance claim are incurred.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 5 – INVESTMENT IN UNCONSOLIDATED AFFILIATES

The Company's investments in unconsolidated real estate ventures, are summarized as follows (in thousands):

Unconsolidated Affiliates	Date Acquired	Trust Ownership Interest	al Investment in nconsolidated Affiliates
Banner Building	2007	66.67%	\$ 59
Grand Forks Market Place Retail Center	2003	50%	2,429
SE Savage, LLC	2019	60%	3,168
SE Maple Grove, LLC	2019	60%	2,942
SE Rogers, LLC	2020	60%	3,066
			\$ 11,664

The Operating Partnership is a 50% owner of Grand Forks Marketplace Retail Center as a tenant in common through 100% ownership in a limited liability company. Grand Forks Marketplace Retail Center has approximately 183,000 square feet of commercial space in Grand Forks, North Dakota. The property is encumbered by a non-recourse first mortgage with a balance at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 of \$9,975 and \$10,036, respectively. The Trust is jointly and severally liable for the full mortgage balance.

The Operating Partnership is a 66.67% owner of Banner Building as a tenant in common. The office building has approximately 75,000 square feet of commercial rental space in Fargo, North Dakota. The property is encumbered by a first mortgage with a balance at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 of \$6,181 and \$6,232, respectively. The Trust is jointly and severally liable for the full mortgage balance.

Based upon the facts and circumstances at formation of the tenant in common investments, the Trust determined that they are not VIEs. As a result, the Trust used the voting interest model under the accounting standard for consolidation in order to determine whether to consolidate the tenants in common and joint ventures. Based upon each member's substantive participating rights over the activities of each entity as stipulated in the operating agreements, the tenants in common are not consolidated by the Trust and are accounted for under the equity method of accounting. The Trust's investments in the tenants in common are included in Investment in unconsolidated affiliates, at equity, on the Trust's consolidated balance sheets and the Trust's earnings from its investments in the unconsolidated affiliates are presented in Equity in earnings (losses) of real estate investments on the Trust's consolidated statements of operations.

The LLC interests discussed below are deemed to be variable interests in VIEs and, based on an evaluation of the variable interests against the criteria for consolidation, the Trust determined that it is not the primary beneficiary of the investments, as the Trust does not have power to direct the activities of the entities that most significantly affect their performance. As such, the interest in the VIEs is recorded using the equity method of accounting in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Under the equity method, the investments in the unconsolidated entities are stated at cost and adjusted for the Trust's share of net earnings or losses and reduced by distributions. Equity in earnings of real estate ventures is generally recognized based on the allocation of cash distributions upon liquidation of the investment at book value in accordance with the operating agreements. The Trust's maximum exposure to losses associated with its unconsolidated investments is primarily limited to its carrying value in the investments.

The Operating Partnership owns a 60% interest in a limited liability company that is currently developing a 190-unit multifamily property. As of March 31, 2021, the Operating Partnership has contributed \$2,077 in cash to SE Savage. SE Savage is located in Savage, Minnesota, with total assets of \$32,133 and \$27,015 as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. Current expectations are that the project will be completed in the fourth quarter of 2021 and the current

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

project budget approximates \$37,800 of which \$29,117 has been incurred as of March 31, 2021. The property is encumbered by a first mortgage with a balance at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 of \$24,786 and \$19,436, respectively. The Trust is jointly and severally liable for the full mortgage balance.

The Operating Partnership owns a 60% interest in a limited liability company that is currently developing a 160-unit multifamily property. As of March 31, 2021, the Operating Partnership has contributed \$2,975 in cash to SE Maple Grove. SE Maple Grove is located in Maple Grove, Minnesota, with total assets of \$18,331 and \$13,106 as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020. Current expectations are that the project will be completed in the second quarter of 2022 and the current project budget approximates \$33,000 of which \$16,242 has been incurred as of March 31, 2021. The property is encumbered by a first mortgage with a balance at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 of \$11,335 and \$5,710, respectively. The Trust is jointly and severally liable for the full mortgage balance.

The Operating Partnership owns a 60% interest in a limited liability company that intends to develop a 165-unit multifamily property. As of March 31, 2021, the Operating Partnership has contributed \$3,089 in cash to SE Rogers. SE Rogers holds land located in Rogers, Minnesota, with total assets of \$5,761 and \$4,161 as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. Current expectations are that the project will be completed in the second quarter of 2022 and the current project budget approximates \$34,300 of which \$5,478 has been incurred as of March 31, 2021. The property is encumbered by a first mortgage that has no balance at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020. The Company is jointly and severally liable for the full mortgage balance

The amounts reflected in the following table are based on the historical financial information of the unconsolidated affiliates.

The following is a summary of the financial position of the unconsolidated affiliates as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

	March 31, 2021		December 31, 2020
ASSETS	(in th	ousa	nas)
Real estate investments	\$ 86,983	\$	74,991
Accumulated depreciation	(9,939)	(9,692)
	77,044	_	65,299
Cash and cash equivalents	282		249
Restricted deposits and funded reserves	192		384
Other assets, net	296		180
Total Assets	\$ 77,814	\$	66,112
LIABILITIES			
Mortgage notes payable, net	\$ 51,016	\$	41,405
Tenant security deposits payable	17		2
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	6,543		6,533
Total Liabilities	\$ 57,576	\$	47,940
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Total Shareholders' Equity	\$ 20,238	\$	18,172
	\$ 77,814	\$	66,112

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

The following is a summary of results of operations of the unconsolidated affiliates for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

	Three months ended March 3				
		2021		020	
		(in tho	usands)		
Income from rental operations	\$	880	\$	963	
Expenses from rental operations		234		259	
Net operating income	\$	646	\$	704	
Depreciation and Amortization		247		171	
Interest		417		244	
Net (loss) income	\$	(18)	\$	289	

NOTE 6 - LEASE INTANGIBLES

The following table summarizes the net value of other intangible assets and liabilities and the accumulated amortization for each class of intangible:

As of March 31, 2021	Lease Intangibles					ccumulated nortization	Int	Lease angibles, net
Lease Intangible Assets	(in thousands)			1				
In-place leases	\$	18,965	\$	(13,177)	\$	5,788		
Above-market leases		2,617		(1,330)		1,287		
	\$	21,582	\$	(14,507)	\$	7,075		
Lease Intangible Liabilities		-						
Below-market leases	\$	(2,881)	\$	1,934	\$	(947)		
			Accumulated Amortization					
As of December 31, 2020	In	Lease tangibles			Int	Lease angibles, net		
As of December 31, 2020 Lease Intangible Assets	<u>In</u>		Aı					
,	<u>In</u>		Aı	nortization				
Lease Intangible Assets		tangibles	Aı (i	nortization in thousands)		angibles, net		
Lease Intangible Assets In-place leases		19,768	Aı (i	in thousands) (13,727)		6,041		
Lease Intangible Assets In-place leases		19,768 2,618	Aı (i	in thousands) (13,727) (1,292)	\$	6,041 1,326		

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

The estimated aggregate amortization expense for each of the five succeeding fiscal years and thereafter is as follows:

		tangible	Intangible	
Years ending December 31,	Assets		Liabilities	
		(in tho	usands)	
2021 (April 1, 2021 - December 31, 2021)	\$	829	\$	137
2022		987		164
2023		849		151
2024		849		151
2025		849		151
Thereafter		2,712		193
	\$	7,075	\$	947

The weighted average amortization period for the intangible assets, in-place leases, above-market leases, and below-market leases acquired as of March 31, 2021 was 7.2 years.

When acquiring property, the portion of the purchase price allocated to in-place lease value intangibles is amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease as amortization expense. The Trust incurred amortization expense pertaining to acquired in-place lease value intangibles of \$253 and \$341 for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

When acquiring property, the portion of the purchase price allocated to above and below market lease intangibles is amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease as an adjustment to real estate rental income. Amortization pertaining to above market lease intangibles of \$39 and \$52 for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, was recorded as a reduction to real estate rental income. Amortization pertaining to below market lease intangibles of \$47 and \$56 for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, was recorded as an increase to real estate rental income.

NOTE 7 – LINES OF CREDIT

We have a \$18,300 variable rate (1-month LIBOR plus 2.25%) line of credit agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, which expires in June 2021; a \$4,915 variable rate (floating LIBOR plus 2.00%) line of credit agreement with Bremer Bank, which expires in June 2022; and a \$5,000 variable rate (floating LIBOR plus 2.00%) line of credit agreement with Bremer Bank, which expires June 2022. The lines of credit are secured by specific properties. At March 31, 2021, the \$4,915 variable rate line of credit with Bremer Bank secured two letters of credit totaling \$746, leaving \$27,469 available and unused under the agreements. These operating lines are designed to enhance treasury management activities and more effectively manage cash balances.

Certain line of credit agreements include covenants that, in part, impose maintenance of certain debt service coverage and debt to net worth ratios. We are not required to determine compliance with all covenants as of March 31, 2021; however, we have not received any notice of non-compliance with our covenants through the date of this filing.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 8 - MORTGAGE NOTES PAYABLE

The following table summarizes the Trust's mortgage notes payable.

Principal Balance At								
March 31,]	December 31,					
2021			2021		2021			2020
(in thousands)								
\$	419,700	\$	415,665					
	7,368		7,446					
	427,068		423,111					
	1,904		1,833					
\$	425,164	\$	421,278					
		March 31, 2021 (in tho \$ 419,700 7,368 427,068 1,904	March 31, 2021 (in thousands) \$ 419,700 \$ 7,368 427,068 1,904					

⁽a) Includes \$43,408 and \$43,613 of variable rate mortgage debt that was swapped to a fixed rate at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

As of March 31, 2021, we had 107 fixed rate and two variable rate mortgage loans with effective interest rates ranging from 2.11% to 6.85% per annum and a weighted average effective interest rate of 4.01% per annum on fixed rate loans and 2.25% per annum on variable rate loans.

As of December 31, 2020, we had 114 fixed rate and two variable rate mortgage loans with effective interest rates ranging from 2.14% to 6.85% per annum, and a weighted average effective interest rate of 4.03% per annum on fixed rate loans and 2.28% per annum on variable rate loans.

The majority of the Trust's mortgages payable require monthly payments of principal and interest. Certain mortgages require reserves for real estate taxes and certain other costs. Mortgages are secured by the respective properties, assignment of rents, business assets, deeds to secure debt, deeds of trust and/or cash deposits.

Certain mortgage note agreements include covenants that, in part, impose maintenance of certain debt service coverage and debt to net worth ratios. We are not required to determine compliance with all covenants as of March 31, 2021; however, we have not received any notice of non-compliance with our covenants through the date of this filing.

We are required to make the following principal payments on our outstanding mortgage notes payable for each of the five succeeding fiscal years and thereafter as follows:

Years ending December 31,	Amount
	(in thousands)
2021 (April 1, 2021 - December 31, 2021)	\$ 15,835
2022	27,109
2023	50,417
2024	19,421
2025	51,057
Thereafter	263,229
Total payments	\$ 427,068

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 9 – DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

As part of our interest rate risk management strategy, we have used derivative instruments to manage our exposure to interest rate movements and add stability to interest expense. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for the Trust making fixed rate payments over the life of the agreement without exchange of the underlying notional amount.

As of March 31, 2021, the Trust used nine interest rate swaps to hedge the variable cash flows associated with variable rate debt. Changes in fair value of the derivatives that are designated and that qualify as cash flow hedges are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss and are reclassified into interest expense as interest payments are made on the Trust's variable rate debt. Over the next nine months, the Trust estimates that an additional \$269 will be reclassified as a interest expense.

The following table summarizes the Trust's interest rate swaps as of March 31, 2021, which effectively convert on month floating rate LIBOR to a fixed rate:

		Fixed	
Effective Date	Notional	Interest Rate	Maturity Date
November 1, 2019	\$ 6,928	3.15%	November 1, 2029
November 1, 2019	\$ 4,814	3.28%	November 1, 2029
January 10, 2020	\$ 3,130	3.39%	January 10, 2030
June 11, 2020	\$ 1,568	3.07%	June 15, 2030
June 11, 2020	\$ 3,039	3.07%	June 15, 2030
June 15, 2020	\$ 1,700	2.94%	June 15, 2030
June 15, 2020	\$ 4,498	2.94%	June 15, 2030
July 1, 2020	\$ 4,931	2.79%	June 10, 2030
December 2, 2020	\$ 12,800	2.91%	December 2, 2027

The following table summarizes the Trust's interest rate swaps that were designated as cash flow hedges of interest rate risk:

	Number of 1	f Instruments Notional				
Interest Rate Derivatives	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Interest rate swaps	9	9 \$	43,408 \$	43.613		

The table below presents the estimated fair value of the Trust's derivative financial instruments as well as their classification in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The valuation techniques are described in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

	Derivatives								
Derivatives designated as	March 31	, 202	21	December	31, 2020				
cash flow hedges:	Balance Sheet Location		Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	1	Fair Value			
Interest rate swaps	Other assets, net	\$	921	Other assets, net	\$	_			
	Accrued expenses and			Accrued expenses and					
Interest rate swaps	other liabilities	\$	342	other liabilities	\$	1,805			

The carrying amount of the swaps have been adjusted to their fair value at the end of the quarter, which because of changes in forecasted levels of LIBOR, resulted in reporting an asset and liability for the fair value of the future net payments

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

forecasted under the swap. The interest rate swap is accounted for as an effective hedge in accordance with ASC 815-20 whereby it is recorded at fair value and changes in fair value are recorded to comprehensive income.

The following table presents the effect of the Company's derivative financial instruments on the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and other comprehensive loss (income) for the quarters ended March 31, 2021 and 2020:

		Location of Gain		
	Amount of (Gain)/Loss	Reclassified from		Amount of (Gain)/Loss
Derivatives in	Recognized in Other	Accumulated other		Reclassified from
Cash Flow Hedging	Comprehensive Income	Comprehensive Income	AOCI into Income	
Relationships	on Derivatives	(AOCI) into Income		Three Months Ended
	 2021			2021
Interest rate swaps	\$ (2,384)	Interest expense	\$	115
	2020			2020
Interest rate swaps	\$ 1,486	Interest expense	\$	10

Credit-risk-related Contingent Features

The Trust has agreements with each of its derivative counterparties that contain a provision whereby if the Trust defaults on the related indebtedness, including default where repayment of the indebtedness has not been accelerated by the lender, then the Trust could also be declared in default on its corresponding derivative obligation. The Trust's agreements with each of its derivative counterparties also contain a provision whereby if the Trust consolidates with, merges with or into, or transfers all or substantially all of its assets to another entity and the creditworthiness of the resulting, surviving or transferee entity, is materially weaker than the Trust's, the counterparty has the right to terminate the derivative obligations. As of March 31, 2021, the termination value of derivatives in a liability position was \$342. As of March 31, 2021, the Trust has pledged the properties related to the loans which are hedged as collateral.

NOTE 10 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The following table presents the carrying value and estimated fair value of the Company's financial instruments:

	March 31, 2021				, 2020			
	Carrying Value		Fair Value (in thou		Carrying Value housands)		F	air Value
Financial assets:								
Note receivable	\$	2,009	\$	2,091	\$	2,026	\$	2,117
Derivative assets	\$	921	\$	921	\$	_	\$	_
Financial liabilities:								
Mortgage notes payable	\$	427,069	\$	451,910	\$	423,111	\$	443,100
Derivative liabilities	\$	342	\$	342	\$	1,805	\$	1,805

ASC 820-10 established a three-level valuation hierarchy for fair value measurement. Management uses these valuation techniques to establish the fair value of the assets at the measurement date. These valuation techniques are based upon

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

observable and unobservable inputs. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect management's assumptions.

These two types of inputs create the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1 Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets:
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations whose significant inputs are observable;
- Level 3 Instruments whose significant inputs are unobservable.

The guidance requires the use of observable market data, when available, in making fair value measurements. When inputs used to measure fair value fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

The following table presents the Company's financial instruments, which are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, by the level in the fair value hierarchy within which those measurements fall. Methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of these instruments are described after the table.

	L	evel 1	 Level 2		Level 3	Total
			(in th	ousai	nds)	
March 31, 2021						
Derivative assets	\$	_	\$ 921	\$	_	\$ 921
Derivative liabilities	\$	_	\$ 342	\$	_	\$ 342
December 31, 2020						
Derivative liabilities	\$	_	\$ 1,805	\$		\$ 1,805

Derivatives: The fair value of interest rate swaps is determined using a discounted cash flow analysis on the expected future cash flows of the derivative.

The Company has determined that its derivative valuations in their entirety are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. In adjusting the fair value of its derivative contracts for the effect of nonperformance risk, the Company has considered any applicable credit enhancements.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

Fair Value Disclosures

The following table presents the Company's financial assets and liabilities, which are measured at fair value for disclosure purposes, by the level in the fair value hierarchy within which they fall. Methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of these instruments are described after the table.

	Level	1	 Level 2		Level 3	 Total
			(in th	ousa	nds)	
March 31, 2021			,		ĺ	
Mortgage notes payable, net	\$	—	\$ _	\$	451,910	\$ 451,910
Note receivable	\$	_	\$ _	\$	2,091	\$ 2,091
December 31, 2020						
Mortgage notes payable, net	\$		\$ _	\$	443,100	\$ 443,100
Note receivable	\$	—	\$ _	\$	2,117	\$ 2,117

Mortgage notes payable: The Company estimates the fair value of its mortgage notes payable by discounting the future cash flows of each instrument at rates currently offered to the Company for similar debt instruments of comparable maturities by the Company's lenders. The rates used range from 3.05% to 3.15% and from 3.25% to 3.35% at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

Notes receivable. The Trust estimates the fair value of its notes receivable by discounting future cash flows of each instrument at rates currently offered to the Trust for similar note instruments of comparable maturities by the Trust's lenders. The rates used range from 3.05% to 3.15% and from 3.25% to 3.35% at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

NOTE 11 - NONCONTROLLING INTEREST OF UNITHOLDERS IN OPERATING PARTNERSHIP

As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, outstanding limited partnership units totaled 18,246,000 and 18,279,000, respectively. Total aggregate distributions per unit were \$0.2650 and \$0.2647 during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. As of March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Operating Partnership declared first quarter distributions of \$4,835 and \$4,831, respectively, to limited partners paid on April 15, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, there were no limited partnership units exchanged for common shares pursuant to redemption requests.

At the sole and absolute discretion of the Trust as general partner of the limited partnership, and so long our redemption plans exists and applicable holding periods are met, Limited Partners may request the Operating Partnership redeem their limited partnership units. The Trust as general partner on behalf of the limited partnership may choose to offer the Limited Partner: (i) cash for the redemption or, at the request of the Limited Partner, or (ii) offer shares in lieu of cash for the redemption on a basis of one limited partnership unit for one Sterling common share (the "Exchange Request"). The Exchange Request shall be exercised pursuant to a Notice of Exchange. If the issuance of Sterling common shares pursuant to an Exchange Request will cause the shareholder to exceed the ownership limitations, among other reasons, payment will be made to the Limited Partner in cash. No Limited Partner may exercise an Exchange Request more than twice during any calendar year, and Exchange Requests may not be made for less than 1,000 limited partnership units. If a Limited Partner owns fewer than 1,000 limited partnership units, all of the limited partnership units held by the Limited Partner must be exchanged pursuant to the Exchange Request.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 12 - REDEMPTION PLANS

Our Board of Trustees has approved redemption plans that enable our shareholders to sell their common shares and the partners of our Operating Partnership to sell their limited partnership units to us, after they have held the securities for at least one year and subject to other conditions and limitations described in the plans. Our redemption plans currently provide that the maximum amount that can be redeemed under the plan is \$40,000 worth of securities. Currently, the fixed redemption price is \$19.00 per share or unit under the plans, which price became effective January 1, 2021. Prior to January 1, 2021 the redemption price was \$18.25 per share or unit under the plan.

We may redeem securities under the plans provided that the aggregate total has not been exceeded and we have sufficient funds to do so. The plans will terminate in the event the shares become listed on any national securities exchange, the subject of bona fide quotes on any inter-dealer quotation system or electronic communications network or are the subject of bona fide quotes in the pink sheets. Additionally, the Board, in its sole discretion, may terminate, amend or suspend the redemption plans, either or both of them, if it determines to do so in its sole discretion.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company redeemed 41,000 and 38,000 common shares valued at \$777 and \$696, respectively. In addition, during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Trust redeemed 33,000 and 30,000 units valued at \$628 and \$541, respectively. The total amount remaining available under the plan as of March 31, 2021 is \$5,920 worth of securities.

NOTE 13 – BENEFICIAL INTEREST

We are authorized to issue 100,000,000 common shares of beneficial interest with \$0.01 par value and 50,000,000 preferred shares with \$0.01 par value, which collectively represent the entire beneficial interest of Sterling. As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, there were 9,968,000 and 9,855,000 common shares outstanding, respectively. We had no preferred shares outstanding as of either date.

Dividends paid to holders of common shares were \$0.2650 per share and \$0.2647 per share for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. As of March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Operating Partnership declared first quarter dividends of \$2,642 and \$2,527, respectively, to holders of common shares paid on April 15, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

NOTE 14 - DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN

Our Board of Trustees approved a dividend reinvestment plan to provide existing holders of our common shares with a convenient method to purchase additional common shares without payment of brokerage commissions, fees or service charges.

The estimated value per common share was \$20.00 and \$19.25 at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. See discussion of determination of estimated value in Management Discussion and Analysis.

Therefore, the purchase price per common share for dividend reinvestments was \$19.00 and \$18.29 and for additional optional cash purchases was \$20.00 and \$19.25 at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. The Board, in its sole discretion, may amend, suspend or terminate the plan at any time, without the consent of shareholders, upon a ten day notice to participants.

In the three months ended March 31, 2021, 89,000 shares were issued pursuant to dividend reinvestments and 65,000 shares were issued pursuant to additional optional cash purchases under the plan, valued at \$1,686 and \$1,307 respectively.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

In the three months ended March 31, 2020, 87,000 shares were issued pursuant to dividend reinvestments and 62,000 shares were issued pursuant to additional optional cash purchases under the plan, valued at \$1,584 and \$1,203, respectively.

NOTE 15 – LEASES

As of March 31, 2021, we derived 82% of our revenues from residential leases that are generally for terms of one year or less. The residential leases may include lease income related items such as parking, storage and non-refundable deposits that we treat as a single lease component because the amenities cannot be leased on their own and the timing and pattern of revenue recognition are the same. The collection of lease payments at lease commencement is probable and therefore we subsequently recognize lease income over the lease term on a straight-line basis. Residential leases are renewable upon consent of both parties on an annual or monthly basis.

As of March 31, 2021, we derived 18% of our revenues from commercial leases primarily under long-term lease agreements. Substantially all commercial leases contain fixed escalations or, in some instances, changes based on the Consumer Price Index, which occur at specified times during the term of the lease. In certain commercial leases, variable lease income, such as percentage rent, is recognized when rents are earned. We recognize rental income and rental abatements from our commercial leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Recognition of rental income commences when control of the leased space has been transferred to the tenant.

The Trust's leases contain lease and non-lease components for utility reimbursement from our residents. We have elected to combine lease and non-lease components for all asset classes. The combined components are included in real estate rental income in our consolidated financial statements and are accounted for under ASC 842.

Lease income related to the Company's operating leases is comprised of the following:

. ,	Three months ended March 31, 2021					2021
	Re	esidential		mmercial lousands)		Total
Lease income related to fixed lease payments	\$	24,834	\$	4,382	\$	29,216
Lease income related to variable lease payments				1,094		1,094
Other (a)		(135)		294		159
Lease Income (b)	\$	24,699	\$	5,770	\$	30,469
		Three mo	nths e	nded Marc	h 31,	2020
	Re	Three mo	Con	nded Marc mmercial housands)	h 31,	2020 Total
Lease income related to fixed lease payments			Con	mmercial	h 31,	
Lease income related to fixed lease payments Lease income related to variable lease payments		esidential	Con	mmercial housands)		Total
1 5		esidential	Con	mmercial housands) 4,714		Total 27,917

⁽a) For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, "Other" is comprised of revenue adjustments related to changes in collectibility and amortization of above and below market lease intangibles and lease inducements.

⁽b) Excludes other rental income for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 of \$1,291 and \$1,075, respectively, which is accounted for under the revenue recognition standard.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

As of March 31, 2021, non-cancelable commercial operating leases provide for future minimum rental income as follows. Apartment leases are not included as the terms are generally for one year or less.

Years ending December 31,	 Amount
	(in thousands)
2021 (April 1, 2021 - December 31, 2021)	\$ 11,658
2022	14,789
2023	13,454
2024	12,737
2025	12,491
Thereafter	56,308
	\$ 121,437

NOTE 16 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Effective January 1, 2021, Alloy Enterprises, Inc. was formed to act as the holding company for Sterling Management, LLC and GOLDMARK Property Management. In connection with this restructuring transaction, the owners of Alloy Enterprises, Inc. indirectly own Sterling Management, LLC and GOLDMARK Property Management. Alloy Enterprises, Inc. is owned in part by the Trust's Chief Executive Officer and Trustee Mr. Kenneth P. Regan, by Trustee Mr. James S. Wieland, by President Joel Thomsen, by Chief Investment Officer, Ryan M. Downs, and by the Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer Erica J. Chaffee. In addition, Mr. Regan serves as the Executive Chairman of the Advisor, and Messrs. Wieland, Thomsen, and Downs and Ms. Chaffee serve on the Board of Governors of both the Advisor and GOLDMARK Property Management.

Sterling Management, LLC, a North Dakota limited liability company formed in November 2002. The Advisor is responsible for managing day-to-day affairs, overseeing capital projects and identifying, acquiring and disposing investments on behalf of the trust.

GOLDMARK Property Management, a North Dakota limited liability company formed in 1981. GOLDMARK Property Management performs property management services for the Trust.

We have a historical and ongoing relationship with Bell Bank. Bell Bank has provided the Trust certain financial services throughout the relationship. A family member of Erica J. Chaffee, our Chief Financial Officer, is an employee of Bell Bank and could have an indirect material interest in any such engagement and related transactions.

Property Management Fee

During the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, we paid property management and administrative fees to GOLDMARK Property Management, Inc. For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, we paid management fees, on-site staff costs and other miscellaneous fees required to run the property of \$3,064 and \$3,311, respectively, to GOLDMARK Property Management, Inc. Management fees paid during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 approximated 5% of net collected rents. In addition, during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, we paid repair and maintenance expenses, and payroll related expenses to GOLDMARK Property Management, Inc. totaling \$1,696 and \$1,627, respectively.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

Board of Trustee Fees

We incurred Trustee fees of \$15 and \$20 during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. As of March 31, 2021, and December 31, 2020 we owed our Trustees \$42 and \$27 for unpaid board of trustee fees, respectively. There is no cash retainer paid to Trustees. Instead, we pay Trustees a specific number of common shares for meetings attended.

The plan provides:

Board Chairman – Board Meeting	105 shares/meeting
Trustee – Board Meeting	75 shares/meeting
Committee Chair – Committee Meeting	30 shares/meeting
Trustee – Committee Meeting	30 shares/meeting

Common shares earned in accordance with the plan are calculated on an annual basis. Shares earned pursuant to the Trustee Compensation Plan are issued on or about July 15 for Trustees' prior year of service. Non-independent Trustees are not compensated for their service on the Board or Committees.

Advisory Agreement

We are an externally managed trust and as such, although we have a Board of Trustees and Executive Officers responsible for our management, we have no paid employees. The following is a brief description of the current fees and compensation that may be and was received by the Advisor under the Advisory Agreement, which must be renewed on an annual basis and approved by a majority of the independent trustees. The Advisory Agreement was approved by the Board of Trustees (including all the independent Trustees) on March 24, 2021, and is effective until March 31, 2022.

Management Fee: 0.35% of our total assets (before depreciation and amortization), annually. Total assets are our gross assets (before depreciation and amortization) as reflected on our consolidated financial statements, taken as of the end of the fiscal quarter last preceding the date of computation. The management fee will be payable monthly in cash or our common shares, at the option of the Advisor, not to exceed one-twelfth of 0.35% of the total assets as of the last day of the immediately preceding month. The management fee calculation is subject to quarterly and annual reconciliations. The management fee may be deferred at the option of the Advisor, without interest.

Acquisition Fee: For its services in investigating and negotiating acquisitions of investments for us, the Advisor receives an acquisition fee of 2.5% of the purchase price of each property acquired, capped at \$375 per acquisition. The total of all acquisition fees and acquisition expenses cannot exceed 6% of the purchase price of the investment, unless approved by a majority of the trustees, including a majority of the independent trustees, if they determine the transaction to be commercially competitive, fair and reasonable to us.

Disposition Fee: For its services in the effort to sell any investment for us, the Advisor receives a disposition fee of 2.5% of the sales price of each property disposition, capped at \$375 per disposition.

Financing Fee: 0.25% of all amounts made available to us pursuant to any loan, refinance (excluding rate and/or term modifications of an existing loan with the same lender), line of credit or other credit facility. The finance fee shall be capped at \$38 per loan, refinance, line of credit or other credit facility.

Project Management Fee: 6% of all completed capital improvement projects on real estate investments owned by the Trust are paid to the Advisor.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

Development Fee: Based on regressive sliding scale (starting at 5% and declining to 3%) of total project costs, excluding cost of land, for development services requested by us.

Total Cost	Fee	Range of Fee	<u>Formula</u>
0 - 10M	5.0 %	05M	0M - 5.0% x (TC - 0M)
10M - 20M	4.5 %	.5 M – .95M	.50M - 4.5% x (TC - 10M)
20M - 30M	4.0 %	.95 M - 1.35M	.95M - 4.0% x (TC - 20M)
30M - 40M	3.5 %	1.35 M - 1.70 M	1.35M - 3.5% x (TC - 30M)
40M - 50M	3.0 %	1.70 M - 2.00 M	1.70M - 3.0% x (TC - 40M)

TC = Total Project Cost

If Advisor shares responsibility for providing Development Services with one or more third parties, Advisor's set Development Fee shall be reduced by the fees charged by any such third parties; provided, such adjustment is subject to a 2.5% minimum Advisor's Development Fee. Additionally, in cases where the Advisor is sharing responsibility for providing Development Services, the Development Fee shall be capped at 2.5% of \$20,000,000 (\$500,000).

The below table summarizes the fees incurred and payable to our Advisor.

	M	arch 31, 2021	I	March 31, 2020		March 31, 2021]	December 31, 2020
	Iı	ncurred Fee		Incurred Fee		Due and Pavable		Due and Payable
					ous	sands)		
Fee:								
Advisory	\$	807	\$	765	\$	271	\$	278
Acquisition	\$	-	\$	302	\$	-	\$	-
Disposition	\$	-	\$	92	\$	-	\$	175
Financing	\$	43	\$	25	\$	38	\$	-
Development	\$	-	\$	-	\$	79	\$	79
Project Management	\$	71	\$	17	\$	-	\$	51

Operating Partnership Units Issued in Connection with Acquisitions

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, there were no operating partnership units issued.

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, 176,000 operating partnership units were issued to an entity affiliated with Messrs. Regan and Wieland, two of our trustees, in connection with the acquisition of various properties. The aggregate value of these units was \$3,373.

Commissions

During the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, we incurred real estate commissions of \$250 and \$324, to GOLDMARK Commercial Real Estate Services, Inc., which is controlled by Messrs. Regan and Wieland. There were no outstanding commissions owed as of March 31, 2021 or December 31, 2020.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

Rental Income

During the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, we received rental income of \$67 and \$67, respectively, under an operating lease agreement with GOLDMARK Property Management, Inc.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, we received rental income of \$14 and \$14, respectively, under an operating lease agreement with GOLDMARK Commercial Real Estate, Inc.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, we received rental income of \$22 and \$21, respectively, under operating lease agreements with our Advisor.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, we received rental income of \$122 and \$120, respectively, under an operating lease agreement with Bell Bank.

Other operational liabilities and receivables

During the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Trust incurred \$174 and \$0, respectively, for general costs related to business operations as well as capital expenditures related to construction in progress that were paid to related parties. As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, operational outstanding liabilities were \$121 and \$684, respectively.

Debt Financing

As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Trust had \$67,935 and \$51,915, respectively, of outstanding principal on loans entered into with Bell Bank. During the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Trust incurred interest expense on debt held with Bell Bank of \$587 and \$514, respectively. Accrued interest as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, related to this debt was \$123 and \$121, respectively.

Insurance Services

On November 1, 2020, the Trust obtained a traditional insurance policy with Bell Insurance. The policy provides coverage for the Trust's Commercial segment. As of March 31, 2021, total premiums paid for this policy was \$113. There was no such policy in place with Bell Bank as of March 31, 2020.

NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Environmental Matters

Federal law (and the laws of some states in which we own or may acquire properties) imposes liability on a landowner for the presence on the premises of hazardous substances or wastes (as defined by present and future federal and state laws and regulations). This liability is without regard to fault or knowledge of the presence of such substances and may be imposed jointly and severally upon all succeeding landowners. If such hazardous substance is discovered on a property acquired by us, we could incur liability for the removal of the substances and the cleanup of the property.

There can be no assurance that we would have effective remedies against prior owners of the property. In addition, we may be liable to tenants and may find it difficult or impossible to sell the property either prior to or following such a cleanup.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

Risk of Uninsured Property Losses

We maintain property damage, fire loss, and liability insurance. However, there are certain types of losses (generally of a catastrophic nature) which may be either uninsurable or not economically insurable. Such excluded risks may include war, earthquakes, tornadoes, certain environmental hazards, and floods. Should such events occur, (i) we might suffer a loss of capital invested, (ii) tenants may suffer losses and may be unable to pay rent for the spaces, and (iii) we may suffer a loss of profits which might be anticipated from one or more properties. *Litigation*

The Trust is subject, from time to time, to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. While the resolution of such matters cannot be predicted with certainty, management believes, based on currently available information, that the final outcome of such matters will not have a material effect on the financial statements of the Trust.

Significant Risks and Uncertainties

The Trust continues to closely monitor the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on all aspects of its business and geographies, including how it will impact its tenants and business partners. Several uncertainties continue to exist at this time, including but not limited to the uncertainty of additional state and/or federal stimulus and the effect of the recent surge in COVID-19 cases in many states. The Trust did not incur significant disruptions for the year ended December 31, 2020 from the COVID-19 pandemic. During the quarter ended March 31, 2021, the Trust continued to monitor state and federal legislative actions and efforts regarding the eviction moratorium which affects almost all single-family and multifamily rental housing units. The Trust has seen several tenants complete the sworn statement certifying the qualifications to obtain eviction protection. The Trust is monitoring the collection rates on these tenants and, at this time is unable to predict the impact that the COVID-19 pandemic and the eviction moratorium will have on its future financial condition, results of operations and cash flows due to numerous uncertainties.

NOTE 18 – DISPOSITIONS

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the operating partnership did not dispose of any properties. During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Trust disposed of one property located in Apple Valley, Minnesota, for \$3,670 and recognized a gain of \$1,455 in March 2020.

The Trust had one property that qualified for held for sale accounting treatment and as such, the assets and liabilities associated with this property were separately classified as held for sale in the consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

The following table shows the net book value of assets held for sale.

	March 31, 2021		ember 31, 2020
	(in tho	usands)
ASSETS			
Real estate investments			
Land and land improvements	\$ 150	\$	150
Building and improvements	1,428		1,428
Real estate investments	1,578		1,578
Less accumulated depreciation	(749)		(749)
Real estate investments, net	 829		829
Other assets, net	1		2
Total Assets	\$ 830	\$	831
LIABILITIES			
Tenant security deposits payable	\$ 5	\$	5
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	\$ 12	\$	_
Total Liabilities	\$ 17	\$	5

NOTE 19 – ACQUISITIONS

The Trust had no acquisitions during the three months ended March 31, 2021.

The Company closed on the following acquisitions during the three months ended March 31, 2020.

Date	Property Name		Property Type	Units/ Square Footage/ Acres	 Acquisition Price
1/12/20	Wolf Creek	Fargo, ND	Apartment complex	54 units	\$ 4,968
1/31/20	Columbia Park Village	Grand Forks, ND	Apartment complex	12 units	612
3/1/20	Belmont East & West	Bismarck, ND	Apartment complex	26 units	1,494
3/1/20	Eastbrook	Bismarck, ND	Apartment complex	24 units	1,296
3/1/20	Hawn	Fargo, ND	Apartment complex	48 units	2,400
3/1/20	Rosser	Bismarck, ND	Apartment complex	24 units	1,296
			î î		
					\$ 12,066 (a)

⁽a) Acquisition price does not include capitalized closing costs and adjustments totaling \$636, special assessments assumed and capitalized of \$168 or additional costs incurred due to difference in unit price of \$26.

Total consideration given for acquisitions through March 31, 2020 was completed through issuing approximately 469,000 limited partnership units of the operating partnership valued at \$19.25 per unit for an aggregate consideration of approximately \$9,031, assumed liabilities of \$265, a mortgage \$3,225 and cash of \$375. The value of units issued in exchange for property is determined through a value established annually by our Board of Trustees, and reflects the fair value at the time of issuance.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

The following table summarizes the acquisition date fair values, before pro-rations, the Company recorded in conjunction with the acquisitions discussed above:

		Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2021	<u> </u>	-	2020		
Land, building, tenant improvements and FF&E	\$	-	\$	12,896		
Other liabilities		-		(265)		
Net assets acquired	·			12,631		
Equity/limited partnership unit consideration		-		(9,031)		
New loans		-		(3,225)		
		-		-		
Net cash consideration	\$	-	\$	375		

NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On April 15, 2021, we paid a dividend or distribution of \$0.265 per share on our common shares of beneficial interest or limited partnership units, respectively, to common shareholders and limited partnership unit holders of record on March 31, 2021.

On April 28, 2021, the Trust disposed of a commercial real estate property located in Waite Park, Minnesota for \$900.

We have evaluated subsequent events through the date of this filing. We are not aware of any other subsequent events which would require recognition or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements.

All dollar amounts in this Form 10-Q in Part I Items 2. through 4. and Part II Items 2. are stated in thousands with the exception of share and per share amounts, unless otherwise indicated.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Safe Harbor Statement Under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

Certain statements contained in this section and elsewhere in this Form 10-Q constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements involve a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, but are not limited to: (i) trends affecting our financial condition or results of operations; (ii) our business and growth strategies; (iii) the real estate industry; (iv) our financing plans; and (v) other risks detailed in the Company's periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The words "believe", "expect", "anticipate", "may", "plan", "should", and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statements were made and are not guarantees of future performance.

Overview

Our real estate portfolio consisted of 179 properties containing 10,328 apartment units and approximately 1,642,000 square feet of leasable commercial space as of March 31, 2021. The portfolio has a net book value of real estate investments (cost less accumulated depreciation) of approximately \$682,890, which includes construction in progress. Currently Sterling's acquisition strategy and focus is solely on multifamily apartment properties. Substantially all of our business is conducted through our Operating Partnership, of which we are the sole general partner. The Trust controls the operating partnership as the general partner and owns approximately 35.35% of the operating partnership as of March 31, 2021. For purposes of satisfying the asset and income tests for qualification as a REIT for tax purposes, the proportionate shares of the assets and income of the operating partnership are deemed to be the assets and income of the Trust. Subject to certain restrictions and limitations, our business is externally managed by our advisor pursuant to an advisory agreement, Sterling Management, LLC manages our operations and our portfolio of real estate properties. Sterling Management, LLC also provides portfolio-management, marketing, investor-relations and other administrative services on our behalf. We have no paid employees.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Below is accounting policies and estimates that management believes are critical to the preparation of the unaudited consolidated financial statements included in this Report. Certain accounting policies used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are particularly important for an understanding of the financial position and results of operations presented in the historical consolidated financial statements included in this Report. A summary of significant accounting policies is also provided in the aforementioned notes to our consolidated financial statements (see note 2 to the unaudited consolidated financial statements). These policies require the application of judgment and assumptions by management and, as a result, are subject to a degree of uncertainty. Due to this uncertainty, actual results could differ materially from estimates calculated and utilized by management.

Impairment of Real Estate Investments

The Trust's investment properties are reviewed for potential impairment at the end of each reporting period whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. At the end of each reporting period, the Trust separately determines whether impairment indicators exist for each property.

Examples of situations considered to be impairment indicators include, but are not limited to:

- o a substantial decline or continued low occupancy rate;
- o continued difficulty in leasing space;
- o significant financially troubled tenants;
- o a change in plan to sell a property prior to the end of its useful life or holding period;
- o a significant decrease in market price not in line with general market trends; and
- any other quantitative or qualitative events or factors deemed significant by the Trust's management or board of trustees.

If the presence of one or more impairment indicators as described above is identified at the end of the reporting period or throughout the year with respect to an investment property, the asset is tested for recoverability by comparing its carrying value to the estimated future undiscounted cash flows. An investment property is considered to be impaired when the estimated future undiscounted cash flows are less than its current carrying value. When performing a test for recoverability or estimating the fair value of an impaired investment property, the Trust makes complex or subjective assumptions which include, but are not limited to:

- o projected operating cash flows considering factors such as vacancy rates, rental rates, lease terms, tenant financial strength, demographics, holding period and property location;
- o projected capital expenditures and lease origination costs;
- projected cash flows from the eventual disposition of an operating property using a property specific capitalization rate;
- o comparable selling prices; and
- o property specific discount rates for fair value estimates as necessary.

To the extent impairment has occurred, the Trust will record an impairment charge calculated as the excess of the carrying value of the asset over its fair value for impairment of investment properties. Based on evaluation, there were no impairment losses during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

There have been no material changes in our Critical Accounting Policies as disclosed in Note 2 to our financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2021 included elsewhere in this report.

Principal Business Activity

Sterling Real Estate Trust ("Sterling", "the Trust" or "the Company") is a registered, but unincorporated business trust organized in North Dakota in December 2002. Sterling has elected to be taxed as a Real Estate Investment Trust ("REIT") under Sections 856-860 of the Internal Revenue Code. Sterling currently owns directly and indirectly 179 properties. The Trust's 133 residential properties are located in North Dakota, Minnesota, Missouri and Nebraska and are principally multifamily apartment buildings. The Trust owns 46 commercial properties primarily located in North Dakota with others located in Arkansas, Colorado, Iowa, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Nebraska, and Wisconsin. The commercial properties include retail, office, industrial, restaurant and medical properties. Presently, the Trust's mix of properties is 76.9% residential and 23.1% commercial (based on cost) and total \$682,890 in real estate investments at March 31, 2021. The Trust has one property held for sale located in Waite Park, Minnesota at March 31, 2021. The carrying value of assets held for sale at March 31, 2021 is \$830. Currently our focus is limited to multifamily apartment properties. We currently have no plans with respect to our commercial properties. We will consider unsolicited offers for purchase of commercial properties on a case by case basis.

Residential Property	Location	No. of Properties	Units
	North Dakota	112	6,378
	Minnesota	16	3,147
	Missouri	1	164
	Nebraska	4	639
		133	10,328
Commercial Property	Location	No. of Properties	Sq. Ft
	North Dakota	20	772,000
	Arkansas	2	28,000
	Colorado	1	17,000
	Iowa	1	33,000
	Louisiana	1	15,000
	Michigan	1	12,000
	Minnesota	13	668,000
	Mississippi	1	15,000
	Nebraska	1	19,000
	Wisconsin	5	63,000
		46	1,642,000

Results of Operations

Management Highlights

- Increased reveues from rental operations by \$1,854 or 6.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared to the same three month period in 2020.
- Increased economic occupancy by 1.9% in the residential market and increased physical occupancy by 1.5% in the commercial market for the three months ended March 31, 2021 compared to the same three month period in 2020
- Declared and paid dividends aggregating \$0.2650 per common share for the three months ending March 31, 2021.

Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

	Three mor	iths ended M	Iarch 31, 2021	Three months ended March 31, 2020			
	Residential	Commerci (unaudited (in thousan	<u>i)</u>	Residential	Commercial (unaudited) (in thousands)	Total	
Real Estate Revenues	\$ 25,959	\$ 5,80	1 \$ 31,760	\$ 23,995	\$ 5,911	\$ 29,906	
Real Estate Expenses							
Real Estate Taxes	2,579	66	5 3,244	2,476	688	3,164	
Property Management	3,092	18	8 3,280	3,305	249	3,554	
Utilities	2,584	24	0 2,824	2,419	304	2,723	
Repairs and Maintenance	4,829	38	2 5,211	4,889	507	5,396	
Insurance	763	2	9 792	823	39	862	
Total Real Estate Expenses	13,847	1,50	4 15,351	13,912	1,787	15,699	
Net Operating Income	\$ 12,112	\$ 4,29	7 16,409	\$ 10,083	\$ 4,124	14,207	
Interest			4,287			4,350	
Depreciation and amortization			5,328			5,252	
Administration of REIT			1,201			1,162	
Other income			(243)	<u>)</u>		(1,784)	
Net Income			\$ 5,836	_		\$ 5,227	
				_			
Net Income Attributed to:							
Noncontrolling Interest			\$ 3,784			\$ 3,414	
Sterling Real Estate Trust			\$ 2,052			\$ 1,813	
Dividends per share (1)			\$ 0.2650			\$ 0.2647	
Earnings per share			\$ 0.2100			\$ 0.1900	
Weighted average number of common shares			9,983			9,562	

⁽¹⁾ Does not take into consideration the amounts distributed by the operating partnership to limited partners.

Revenues

Property revenues of \$31,760 for the three months ended March 31, 2021 increased \$1,854 or 6.2% in comparison to the same period in 2020. Residential property revenues increased \$1,964 and commercial property revenues decreased \$110.

The following table illustrates changes in occupancy for the three month periods indicated:

	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Residential occupancy	94.7	% 92.8 %
Commercial occupancy	91.9	% 90.0 %

Residential revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2021 increased \$1,964 in comparison to the same period for 2020. Residential properties acquired since January 1, 2020 contributed approximately \$1,072 to the increase in total residential revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2021. The remaining increase is due to increased rent charges at our stabilized properties as well as decreased vacancy in the Fargo market. The residential occupancy rates for the three months ended March 31, 2021 increased 1.9% primarily due to decreased vacancy, caused by rent proceeds received on delinquent charges.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, total commercial revenues decreased \$110 in comparison to the same period for 2020. The decrease was primarily attributable to the sale of three commercial real estate investments in 2020. These properties account for \$324 of decreased commercial rent during the three months ended March 31, 2021. The overall commercial income decrease was offset due to straight line rental income from new leases entered into at commercial properties located in Fargo, ND and Minneapolis, MN. The commercial occupancy rates for the three months ended March 31, 2021 increased 1.9% primarily due to new leases entered into in the Fargo, ND market.

Expenses

Residential expenses from operations of \$13,847 during the three months ended March 31, 2021 decreased \$65 or 0.5% in comparison to the same period in 2020. The decrease was attributed to a reduction in property management fees, on-site staff costs and other miscellaneous expenses of \$221 or 6.7%. Property management fees approximate 5% of net collected rent. This decrease is offset by increased real estate taxes of \$103 or 4.2%. The main reason for the increase in real estate taxes is related to residential property acquisitions during the year ended December 31, 2020, which accounts for \$60 of the increase. Further, the decrease was offset by increased utilities expense of \$165 or 6.8%, driven by an increase in water and sewer expense during the three months ended March 31, 2021.

Commercial expenses from operations of \$1,504 during the three months ended March 31, 2021 decreased \$283 or 15.8% in comparison to the same period in 2020. The decrease in overall expenses is attributed to a decrease in repairs and maintenance expense of \$125 or 24.7% with snow removal accounting for \$31 or 24.8% of the decrease. Utility expenses during the three months ended March 31, 2021 decreased by \$64 or 21.1% in comparison to the same period 2020, also contributed to the overall decrease.

Interest expense of \$4,287 during the three months ended March 31, 2021 decreased \$63 or 1.4% in comparison to the same period in 2020. Pay offs of higher interest rate loans during 2020, decreased the overall weighted average interest rate on our consolidated mortgage debt by 31 basis points. The lower consolidated mortgage rate decreased total interest paid on mortgages by \$85 as compared to the same period in 2020, bringing mortgage interest expense as a percentage of income to 13.5% versus 14.5% in 2020. Additionally, interest expense on construction in progress, offset the decrease in interest expense. Interest expense for construction in progress is classified as a contra-expense account, offsetting interest expense and resulting in an increase of \$37 in interest expense.

Depreciation and amortization expense of \$5,328 during the three months ended March 31, 2021 increased \$76 or 1.4%. The increase is primarily due to the property acquisitions that occurred in 2020. Amortization expense will continue to decrease as lease intangibles become fully amortized but will increase upon acquisitions of intangible assets. Depreciation and amortization expense as a percentage of rental income for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 was 16.8% and 17.6%, respectively.

REIT administration expenses of \$1,201 during the three months ended March 31, 2021 increased \$39 or 3.4% compared to the same period in 2020. The increase is attributable to an increase in the amount of the REIT advisory fee.

Other income of \$243 for the three months ended March 31, 2021 decreased \$1,541 or 86.4% in comparison to the same period in 2020. The decrease is attributed to disposition activity in the first quarter of 2020 that did not occur in the same period in 2021. The total gain on the sale of a real estate investment during the three months ended March 31, 2020 was \$1,455.

Net Operating Income

We measure the performance of our segments based on net operating income ("NOI"), which we define as total revenue from rental operations less expenses from rental operations and real estate taxes (excluding depreciation and amortization related to real estate investments and impairment of real estate investments). We believe that NOI is an important supplemental measure of operating performance for a REIT because it provides a measure of core operations unaffected by depreciation, amortization, financing, and administration expense. NOI does not represent cash generated by operating activities in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered an alternative to net income, net income available for non-controlling interests and shareholders of the Trust or cash flow from operating activities as a measure of financial performance. See Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included herein, as well as the above table for more information on NOI performance by segment.

Net Income

Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$5,836 compared to \$5,227 for the three months ended March 31, 2020

Known Trends, Events and Uncertainties

COVID-19 Impact

The Trust continues to closely monitor the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on all aspects of its business and geographies, including how it will impact its tenants and business partners. A number of uncertainties continue to exist at this time including but not limited to the uncertainty of additional state and/or federal stimulus and the effect of the surge in COVID-19 cases in many states. While the Trust did not incur significant disruptions during the year ended December 31, 2020 from the COVID-19 pandemic, the effects of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic could have material adverse effects on our business and results of operations so long as COVID-19 continues to impact the U.S. economy. The extent to which the economic disruption associated with the COVID-19 pandemic impacts our business and financial results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted with confidence, including the scope, severity, and duration of the pandemic, the actions taken to contain the pandemic or mitigate its impact, and the direct and indirect economic effects of the pandemic and containment measures, among others. In particular, during the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Trust continued to monitor state and federal legislative actions and efforts in regard to the eviction moratorium which affects almost all single-family and multifamily rental housing units. The Trust has seen a number of tenants complete the sworn statement certifying the qualifications to obtain eviction protection. The Trust is monitoring the collection rates on these tenants and, at this time is unable to predict the impact that COVID-19 and the eviction moratorium will have on its future financial condition, results of operations and cash flows due to numerous uncertainties.

As of March 31, 2021, the Trust received certain rent relief requests as a result of COVID-19. These requests were received principally from office tenants and most often in the form of rent deferral requests. Few rental defaults have occurred to date and the Trust is pursuing legal remedies as to these amounts which are not material in the aggregate. The Trust will continue to evaluate any further tenant rent relief requests on an individual basis, considering a number of factors. Not all tenant requests will ultimately result in modification agreements, nor will the Trust forgo its contractual rights under its lease agreements.

Property Acquisitions and Dispositions

Property Acquisitions and Dispositions during the three months ended March 31, 2021

There were no acquisitions or dispositions during the three months ended March 31, 2021.

Property Acquisitions and Dispositions during the three months ended March 31, 2020

We acquired six properties for a total of \$12,896 during the three months ended March 31, 2020. Total consideration for the acquisitions was the issuance of approximately \$9,031 in limited partnership units of the operating partnership, assumed liabilities of \$265, cash of \$375 and a mortgage of \$3,225.

We disposed of one retail property located in Apple Valley, MN for \$3,670.

See Notes 18 and 19 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included above for more information regarding our acquisitions and dispositions during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

Construction in Progress and Development Projects

The Trust capitalizes direct and certain indirect project costs incurred during the development period such as construction, insurance, architectural, legal, interest and other financing costs, and real estate taxes. At such time as the development is considered substantially complete, the capitalization of certain indirect costs such as real estate taxes and interest and financing costs cease and all project-related costs included in construction in process are reclassified to land and building and other improvements.

Construction in progress as of March 31, 2021 consists primarily of construction at Bell Plaza located in Minneapolis, Minnesota, the Montreal Courts Apartments located in Little Canada, Minnesota, the Bayview Apartments located in Fargo, North Dakota, and Trustmark located in Fargo, North Dakota. The Bell Plaza work includes updated HVAC and thermostats throughout the building. Current expectations are that the project will be completed in the second quarter of 2021 and the current project budget approximates \$1,000 of which \$998 has been incurred and included in construction in progress. The Montreal Courts development consists of a new clubhouse. The current project budget approximates \$1,965 of which \$1,827 has been incurred and the remaining budgeted cost is accrued for at March 31, 2021. The project is included in construction in progress until final payment of all costs have been made which is expected to occur during the second quarter of 2021. The Bayview Apartments development consists of new windows and siding. Current expectations are that the project will be completed in the second quarter of 2021 and the current project budget approximates \$1,501 of which \$1,418 has been incurred and is included in construction in progress. The Trustmark construction primarily consists of office demolition and clearing, as well as tenant space remodel and build-outs. Current expectations are that the projects will be completed in the second quarter of 2021 and the current project budgets approximate \$5,398 of which \$2,968 has been incurred and is included in construction in progress.

Funds From Operations (FFO)

Funds From Operations (FFO) applicable to common shares and limited partnership units means net income (computed in accordance with GAAP), excluding gains (or losses) from sales of property, plus depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. Adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures will be calculated to reflect funds from operations on the same basis.

Historical cost accounting for real estate assets implicitly assumes the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, many industry investors have considered presentations of operating results for real estate companies that use historical cost accounting to be insufficient by themselves. The term Funds From Operations (FFO) was created to address this problem. It was intended to be a standard supplemental measure of REIT operating performance that excluded historical cost depreciation from — or "added back" to — GAAP net income.

Our management believes this non-GAAP measure is useful to investors because it provides supplemental information that facilitates comparisons to prior periods and for the evaluation of financial results. Management uses this non-GAAP measure to evaluate our financial results, develop budgets and manage expenditures. The method used to produce non-GAAP results is not computed according to GAAP, is likely to differ from the methods used by other companies and should not be regarded as a replacement for corresponding GAAP measures. Management encourages the review of the reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure to the comparable GAAP results.

Since the introduction of the definition of FFO, the term has come to be widely used by REITs. In the view of National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"), the use of the definition of FFO (combined with the primary GAAP presentations required by the Securities and Exchange Commission) has been fundamentally beneficial, improving the understanding of operating results of REITs among the investing public and making it easier to compare the results of one REIT with another.

While FFO applicable to common shares and limited partnership units are widely used by REITs as performance metrics, all REITs do not use the same definition of FFO or calculate FFO in the same way. The FFO reconciliation presented here is not necessarily comparable to FFO presented by other real estate investment trusts. FFO should also not be considered as an alternative to net income as determined in accordance with GAAP as a measure of a real estate investment trust's performance, but rather should be considered as an additional, supplemental measure, and should be viewed in conjunction with net income as presented in the consolidated financial statements included in this report. FFO applicable to common shares and limited partnership units does not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP, and is not necessarily indicative of sufficient cash flow to fund a real estate investment trust's needs or its ability to service indebtedness or to pay dividends to shareholders.

The following tables include calculations of FFO and the reconciliations to net income, for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. We believe these calculations are the most comparable GAAP financial measure:

Reconciliation of Net Income Attributable to Sterling to FFO Applicable to Common Shares and Limited Partnership Units

	Three months ended March 31, 2021						Three months ended March 31, 2020				
			Weighted Avg	Per				Weighted Avg		Per	
	Amount		Shares and	Share and Unit (2)				Shares and	S	Share and	
			Units(1)			A	mount	Units(1)	!	Unit (2)	
				(unaud							
			(in t	hous	ands, exc	cept	per shar				
Net Income attributable to Sterling Real Estate Trust	\$	2,052	9,983	\$	0.21	\$	1,813	9,562	\$	0.19	
Add back:											
Noncontrolling Interest - OPU		3,753	18,260				3,419	18,036			
Depreciation & Amortization from continuing operations		5,328					5,252				
Pro rata share of unconsolidated affiliate depreciation &											
amortization		140					94				
Subtract:											
Gain on sale of land, depreciable real estate, investment in equity method investee, and change in control of real estate											
investments							(1,455)				
Funds from operations applicable to common shares and limited partnership units (FFO)	\$	11,273	28,243	\$	0.40	\$	9,123	27,598	\$	0.33	

⁽¹⁾ Please see Note 11 and Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements included above for more information.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our principal demands for funds will be for the (i) acquisition of real estate and real estate-related investments, (ii) payment of acquisition related expenses and operating expenses, (iii) payment of dividends/distributions, (iv) payment of principal and interest on current and any future outstanding indebtedness, (v) redemptions of our securities under our redemption plans and (vi) capital improvements and property related expenditures. Generally, we expect to meet cash needs for the payment of operating expenses and interest on outstanding indebtedness from cash flow from operations. We expect to pay dividends/distributions and any repurchase requests to our shareholders and the unit holders of our operating partnership from cash flow from operations; however, we may use other sources to fund dividends/distributions and repurchases, as necessary. We expect to meet cash needs for acquisitions and other real-estate investments from cash flow from operations, net proceeds of share offerings and debt proceeds.

⁽²⁾ Net Income is calculated on a per share basis. FFO are calculated on a per share and unit basis.

Table of Contents

Evaluation of Liquidity

We continually evaluate our liquidity and ability to fund future operations, debt obligations and any repurchase requests. As part of our analysis, we consider among other items, credit quality of tenants and lease expirations.

Credit Quality of Tenants

We are exposed to credit risk within our tenant portfolio, which can reduce our results of operations and cash flow from operations if our tenants are unable to pay their rent. Tenants experiencing financial difficulties may become delinquent on their rent or default on their leases and, if they file for bankruptcy protection, may reject our lease in bankruptcy court, resulting in reduced cash flow. This may negatively impact net asset values and require us to incur impairment charges. Even if a default has not occurred and a tenant is continuing to make the required lease payments, we may restructure or renew leases on less favorable terms, or the tenant's credit profile may deteriorate, which could affect the value of the leased asset and could in turn require us to incur impairment charges.

To mitigate credit risk on commercial properties, we have historically looked to invest in assets that we believe are critically important to our tenants' operations and have attempted to diversify our portfolio by tenant, tenant industry and geography. We also monitor all of our properties performance through review of rent delinquencies as a precursor to a potential default, meetings with tenant management and review of tenants' financial statements and compliance with financial covenants. When necessary, our asset management process includes restructuring transactions to meet the evolving needs of tenants, refinancing debt and selling properties, as well as protecting our rights when tenants default or enter into bankruptcy.

Lease Expirations and Occupancy

Generally our residential leases are for a term of one year or less. There are two commercial leases expiring within the next twelve months that are considered significant. As of March 31, 2021 and 2020, revenues of \$327 and \$321, respectively, were received from these leases. The Advisor, with the assistance of our property managers, actively manages our real estate portfolio and begins discussing options with tenants in advance of scheduled lease expirations. In certain cases, we may obtain lease renewals from our tenants; however, tenants may elect to move out at the end of their term. In the cases where tenants elect not to renew, we may seek replacement tenants or try to sell the property.

Cash Flow Analysis

Our objectives are to generate sufficient cash flow over time to provide shareholders with increasing dividends and to seek investments with potential for strong returns and capital appreciation throughout varying economic cycles. We have funded 100% of the dividends from operating cash flows. In setting a dividend rate, we focus primarily on expected returns from investments we have already made to assess the sustainability of a particular dividend rate over time.

Operating Activities

Our real estate properties generate cash flow in the form of rental revenues, which is reduced by interest payments, direct lease costs and property-level operating expenses. Property-level operating expenses consist primarily of property management fees including salaries and wages of property management personnel, utilities, cleaning, repairs, insurance, security and building maintenance cost, and real estate taxes. Additionally, we incur general and administrative expenses, advisory fees, acquisition and disposition expenses and financing fees.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$8,909 and \$7,184 for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, which consists primarily of net income from property operations adjusted for non-cash depreciation and amortization.

Investing Activities

Our investing activities generally consist of real estate-related transactions (purchases and sales of properties) and payments of capitalized property-related costs such as intangible assets and reserve escrows.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$4,116 and \$1,613 for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively (this does not include the value of UPREIT units issued in connection with investing activities). For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, cash flows used in investing activities related to the acquisition of properties and capital expenditures was \$3,686 and \$5,433, respectively. Cash outlays related to investments in unconsolidated affiliates was \$2,090 and \$38 during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Gains from involuntary conversions for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$1,642. Gains from sale of real estate investments during the three months ended March 31, 2020 was \$3,494.

Financing Activities

Our financing activities generally consist of funding property purchases by raising proceeds and securing mortgage notes payable as well as paying dividends, paying syndication costs and making principal payments on mortgage notes payable.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$2,081 and \$7,260 for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020. During the three months ended March 31, 2021, we paid \$5,761 in dividends and distributions, redeemed \$1,405 of shares and units, received proceeds of \$18,485 from new mortgage notes, and made mortgage principal payments of \$14,528. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, we paid \$5,534 in dividends and distributions, redeemed \$1,237 of shares and units, received proceeds of \$7,788 from new mortgage notes, and made mortgage principal payments of \$9,129.

Estimated Value of Units/Shares

The Board of Trustees determined an estimate of fair value for the trust shares in the first three months of 2021 and 2020. In addition, the Board of Trustees, acting as general partner for the operating partnership, determined an estimate of fair value for the limited partnership units in the first three months of 2021 and 2020. In determining this value, the Board relied upon their experience with, and knowledge about, the Trust's real estate portfolio and debt obligations. The Board typically determines the share price on an annual basis. The trustees determine the price in their discretion and use data points to guide their determination which is typically based on a consensus of opinion. In addition, the Board considers how the price chosen will affect existing share and unit values, redemption prices, dividend coverage ratios, yield percentages, dividend reinvestment factors, and future UPREIT transactions, among other considerations and information. The fair value was not determined based on, nor intended to comply with, fair value standards under US GAAP and the value may not be indicative of the price we would get for selling our assets in their current condition.

The Board determined the fair value of the shares and limited partnership units to be \$20.00 per share/unit effective January 1, 2021. The Board determined the fair value of the shares and limited partnership units to be \$19.25 per share/unit effective January 1, 2020.

Determination of price is a matter within the Board's sole discretion. The Trust does not determine price based on any rate formula or specific factors. At this time, no shares are held in street name accounts and the Trust is not subject to FINRA's specific pricing requirements set out in Rule 2340 or otherwise. Thus, the Trust does not employ any specific valuation methodology or formula. Rather, the Board looks to available data and information, which is often adjusted and weighted to comport more closely with the assets held by the Trust at the time of valuation. The principal valuation methodology utilized is the NAV calculation/direct capitalization method. The information made available to the Board is assembled by the Trust's Advisor.

As with any valuation methodology, the methodologies utilized by the Board in reaching an estimate of the value of the shares and limited partnership units are based upon a number of estimates, assumptions, judgments or opinions that may, or may not, prove to be correct. The use of different estimates, assumptions, judgments, or opinions would likely have resulted in significantly different estimates of the value of the shares and limited partnership units. In addition, the Board's estimate of share and limited partnership unit value is not based on the book values of our real estate, as determined by GAAP, as our book value for most real estate is based on the amortized cost of the property, subject to certain adjustments.

Furthermore, in reaching an estimate of the value of the shares and limited partnership units, the Board applied a liquidity discount to one valuation scenario in order to reflect the fact that the shares and limited partnership units are not currently traded on a national securities exchange and did not consider a discount for debt that may include a prepayment obligation or a provision precluding assumption of the debt by a third party or the costs that are likely to be incurred in connection with an appropriate exit strategy, whether that strategy might be a listing of the limited partnership units or common shares on a national securities exchange or a merger or sale of our portfolio.

Dividends and Distributions

Common Stock

We declared cash dividends to our shareholders during the period from January 1, 2021 to March 31, 2021 totaling \$2,642 or \$0.2650 per share, of which \$963 were cash dividends and \$1,679 were reinvested under the dividend reinvestment plan. The cash dividends were paid with the \$8,909 from our cash flows from operations and \$1 provided by distributions from unconsolidated affiliates.

We declared cash dividends to our shareholders during the period from January 1, 2020 to March 31, 2020 totaling \$2,527 or \$0.2647 per share, of which \$919 were cash dividends and \$1,608 were reinvested under the dividend reinvestment plan. The cash dividends were paid with the \$7,184 from our cash flows from operations and \$105 provided by distributions from unconsolidated affiliates.

We continue to provide cash dividends to our shareholders from cash generated by our operations. The following chart summarizes the sources of our cash used to pay dividends. Our primary source of cash is cash flow provided by operating activities from our investments as presented in our cash flow statement. We also include distributions from unconsolidated affiliates to the extent that the underlying real estate operations in these entities generate cash and the gain on sale of properties relates to net profits from the sale of certain properties. Our presentation is not intended to be an alternative to our consolidated statement of cash flows and does not present all sources and uses of our cash.

The following table presents certain information regarding our dividend coverage:

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2021 2020			2020
	(in thousands)			5)
Cash flows provided by operations (includes net income of \$5,836 and \$5,227, respectively)	\$	8,909	\$	7,184
Distributions in excess of earnings received from unconsolidated affiliates		1		105
Gain (Loss) on sales of real estate and non-real estate investments		_		1,455
Dividends declared		(2,642)		(2,527)
Excess	\$	6,268	\$	6,217

Limited Partnership Units

The operating partnership agreement provides that our operating partnership will distribute to the partners (subject to certain limitations) cash from operations on a quarterly basis (or more frequently, if we so elect) in accordance with the percentage interests of the partners. We determine the amounts of such distributions in our sole discretion.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, we declared quarterly distributions totaling \$4,835 to holders of limited partnership units in our operating partnership, which we paid on April 15, 2021. Distributions were paid at a rate of \$0.2650 per unit per quarter, which is equal to the per share distribution rate paid to the common shareholders.

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, we declared quarterly distributions totaling \$4,831 to holders of limited partnership units in our operating partnership, which we paid on April 15, 2020. Distributions were paid at a rate of \$0.2647 per unit per quarter, which is equal to the per share distribution rate paid to the common shareholders.

Sources of Dividends and Distributions

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, we paid aggregate dividends and distributions of \$7,447, which were paid with cash flows provided by operating activities and distributions from unconsolidated affiliates. Our funds from operations, or FFO, was \$11,273 for the three months ended March 31, 2021; therefore we believe our dividend and distribution policy is sustainable over time. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, we paid aggregate dividends and distributions of \$7,118, which were paid with cash flows provided by operating activities and distributions from unconsolidated affiliates. Our FFO was \$9,123 as of the three months ended March 31, 2020. For a further discussion of FFO, including a reconciliation of FFO to net income, see "Funds from Operations" above.

Cash Resources

At March 31, 2021, our cash resources consisted of cash and cash equivalents totaling approximately \$13,888. Our cash reserves can be used for working capital needs and other commitments. In addition, we had unencumbered properties with a gross book value of \$51,314, which could potentially be used as collateral to secure additional financing in future periods.

At March 31, 2021, there was no balance outstanding on the lines of credit. Of the \$28,215 available as of March 31, 2021, one variable rate line of credit secured two letters of credit totaling \$746, leaving \$27,469 available and unused under the agreements. See Note 7 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements for additional details regarding our line of credit agreements.

The sale of our securities and issuance of limited partnership units of the operating partnership in exchange for property acquisitions and sale of additional common or preferred shares is also expected to be a source of long-term capital for us. During the three months ended March 31, 2021, we did not sell any common shares in a private placement. During the three months ended March 31, 2021, 89,000 common shares were issued pursuant to dividend reinvestments and 65,000 were issued pursuant to additional optional cash purchases under the plan, and raised gross proceeds of \$2,993. During the three months ended March 31, 2020, we did not sell any common shares in a private placement. During the three months ended March 31, 2020, 87,000 common shares were issued pursuant to dividend reinvestments and 62,000 were issued pursuant to additional optional cash purchases under the plan, and raised gross proceeds of \$2,787.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, we issued no limited partnership units in connection with acquisition of properties.

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, we issued 469,000 limited partnership units in connection with six properties acquired.

Unconsolidated Affiliate Arrangements

As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, we had debt obligations related to investments in unconsolidated affiliates of \$52,276 and \$41,559, respectively. The Trust is jointly and severally liable for the full mortgage balance.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The principal material financial market risk to which we are exposed is interest-rate risk. Our exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to refinancing long-term fixed rate obligations, the opportunity cost of fixed rate obligations in a falling interest rate environment and our variable rate lines of credit.

The carrying amount of our interest rate swaps have been adjusted to their fair value at March 31, 2021, resulting in a liability of \$341 and asset of \$920. As of December 31, 2020, the fair value adjustment resulted in a liability of \$1,805.

As much of our outstanding debt is long-term, fixed rate debt, our interest rate risk has not changed significantly from what was disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 13, 2021.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Sterling Real Estate Trust's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have evaluated the effectiveness of Sterling Real Estate Trust's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this Report. Based on that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) were not effective as of December 31, 2020 due to a material weakness in internal control over financial reporting.

Material Weakness in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

At December 31, 2020, the Trust concluded its internal controls over financial reporting surrounding management's review of the appropriate hedging documentation failed to identify the drafting error in the internal documentation relating to the method used to test the effectiveness of the Trust's hedging relationships. In addition, the contemporaneous documentation and fair value hedge effectiveness requirements of ASC 815 were not applied appropriately for the hedging relationships at inception. The ineffectiveness of these internal controls did not result in a restatement of previously issued interim or annual consolidated financial statements.

As of March 31, 2021, the following remediation measures have been implemented:

- Improved training, education and accounting reviews designed to ensure that all relevant personnel involved in derivative transactions understand and apply hedge accounting in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles, including ASC 815 and its related interpretations.
- ii. Enlisting the use of a third-party specialist for any new hedging relationship entered into subsequent to the date of the financial statements being issued, to evaluate the effectiveness of the hedging relationship at the inception of each hedge.
- iii. All hedges entered into by the Trust prior to March 31, 2021, have been subsequently re-designated and are considered to be highly effective hedges.

We believe these remediation measures have strengthened our internal control over financial reporting and have remediated the material weakness identified as of December 31, 2020.

Changes in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the first fiscal quarter of 2021 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Sale of Securities

Neither Sterling nor the operating partnership issued any unregistered securities during the three months ended March 31, 2021.

Other Sales

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, we did not issued any common shares in exchange for limited partnership units of the operating partnership on a one-for-one basis pursuant to redemption requests made by accredited investors pursuant to Section 4(a)(2) and Rule 506 of Regulation D.

Redemptions of Securities

Set forth below is information regarding common shares and limited partnership units redeemed during the three months ended March 31, 2021:

Period	Total Number of Common Shares Redeemed	Total Number of Limited Partner Units Redeemed	ited Paid per Units Common		Total Number of Shares Redeemed as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Total Number of Units Redeemed as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs		Approximate Dollar Value of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Redeemed Under Publicly Announced Plans or Programs		
January 1-31, 2021	9,000		\$	19.00	1,371,000	899,000	\$	7,157		
February 1-29, 2021	21,000	26,000	\$	19.00	1,392,000	925,000	\$	6,274		
March 1-31, 2021	11,000	7,000	\$	19.00	1,403,000	932,000	\$	5,920		
Total	41,000	33,000								

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, we redeemed all shares or units for which we received redemption requests. In addition, for the three months ended March 31, 2021, all common shares and units redeemed were redeemed as part of the publicly announced plans.

The Amended and Restated Share Redemption Plan permits us to repurchase common shares held by our shareholders and limited partnership units held by partners of our operating partnership, up to a maximum amount of \$40,000 worth of shares and units, upon request by the holders after they have held them for at least one year and subject to other conditions and limitations described in the plan. The amount remaining to be redeemed as of March 31, 2021, was \$5,920. The redemption price for such shares and units redeemed under the plan was fixed at \$19.00 per share or unit, which became effective January 1, 2021. The redemption plan will terminate in the event the shares become listed on any national securities exchange, the subject of bona fide quotes on any inter-dealer quotation system or electronic communications network or are the subject of bona fide quotes in the pink sheets. Additionally, the Board, in its sole discretion, may terminate, amend or suspend the redemption plan at any time if it determines to do so is in our best interest.

Table of Contents

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit Number	Title of Document
10.1	Amended and Restated Sterling Real Estate Trust Independent Trustee Common Shares Plan approved March 25, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to the Trust's Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 31, 2021).
10.2	Tenth Amended and Restated Advisory Agreement, effective April 1, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.2 to the Trust's current report on Form 8-K filed March 31, 2021).
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101	The following materials from Sterling Real Estate Trust's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2021, formatted in iXBRL (Inline iXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020; (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations and Other Comprehensive Income for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020; (iii) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020; (iv) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, and; (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File, formatted in iXBRL and contained in Exhibit 101.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused the report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: May 14, 2021

STERLING REAL ESTATE TRUST

By: /s/ Kenneth P. Regan

Kenneth P. Regan Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ Erica J. Chaffee

Erica J. Chaffee Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

OFFICER'S CERTIFICATE PURSUANT TO SECTION 302

I, Kenneth P. Regan, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for Sterling Real Estate Trust.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-5(e) and 15d-15 (e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 14, 2021

By: /s/ Kenneth P. Regan
Chief Executive Officer

OFFICER'S CERTIFICATE PURSUANT TO SECTION 302

I, Erica J. Chaffee, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for Sterling Real Estate Trust.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-5(e) and 15d-15 (e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 14, 2021

By: /s/ Erica J. Chaffee
Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Sterling Real Estate Trust (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2020 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, in the capacities and on the dates indicated below, hereby certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operation of the Company.

Dated: May 14, 2021 By: /s/ Kenneth P. Regan

Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ Erica J. Chaffee

Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Sterling Real Estate Trust and will be retained by Sterling Real Estate Trust and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.